LEXINGTON, MONDAY, OCT. 24, 1836.

No. 65 Vol. 51

Smith mrs Mary Smith William

Smith Abram S

Smith Eli

Smith Arther John

Smith miss Eliza A

PRINTED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY, MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,

BY THO. T. BRADFORD, FOR DANL. BRADFORD.

[Publisher of the Laws of the U. States.] PUBLISHING OFFICE, MAIN ST. A FEW DOORS BE LOW BRENNAN'S INN.

Printing Office at the old stand. Mill street. TERMS OF THIS PAPER:

For one year in advance \$2.50 If not paid at the end of 6 months? 00 within the year 3.50

No paper will be discontinued until al arrear-ages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor. Letters sent by mail to the Editor, must be post paid, or they will not be taken out of the of-

ADVERTISING. 1 square, orless, 3 times weekly, or 4 times semi-weekly, \$1,50; three months weekly, \$4; semi-weekly, \$6; six months weekly, \$7,50, semi-weekly, \$10; twelve months weekly, \$15, semi-1 square, or less, 3 times weekly, or 4 times seemiweekly, \$1,50; three months weekly, \$4; semiweekly, \$6; six months weekly, \$7,50, semiweekly, \$10; twelve months weekly, \$15, semiweekly, \$20.

Longerones in proporton. When inserted by
the year, subject to a deduction of 15 percent.

2d. Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Geology
and Mineralogy.
3d. Drawing and the principles of Construction.

4th. Civil Engineering, theoretical and practical.

the year, subject to a deduction of 15 percent.

PARIS, KY. hand, a quantity of COMMON, HALF-SPANISH, and MELEE SEGARS, of the but quality, and for sale. Orders are soli-

5 or 6 steady Journeymen could get good wages stant employment, by early application. D. R. MACCOUN. 5, Aug. 5-55-7t ch P. Citizen.

NOTICE. THE undersigned having associated them selves in business, under the firm of SCOTT & CHEW,

And have taken the stand formerly occupied by B. W. & H. B. TODD. They have on hand

SEASONABLE GOODS, bought in the West.

SILAS P. SCOTT, JOSEPH CHEW. Lexington, Oct 1, 1836.—60-2m

THRESHING MACHINE. And Horse Power.

THE undersigned having purchsed the right of S. S. ALLEN, to construct and sell his PATENT THRESHING MACHINE for getting out Grain, and for applying Horse Power are prepared to have them constructed on the short test notice. The following certificates, from practical farmers, it is presumed, will be a sufficient recommendation to these Machines. SANDERS & INNIS, H. ATCHISON, Jr.

Sept 14, 1836 59-1f

I certify, that Mr S. S. Allen's Threshing Ma-

Ashland, Aug. 31st, 1836.

I concur in the above opinion of Mr. Clay, having seen Mr Allen's Threshing Machine in operation. I consider it a valuable improvement on those heretofore in use in this country. Signed, GEO. POINDEXTER.

I certify, that I have examined the Threshing Machine of Mr Saml. S. Allen's, and think decidedly the best Machine of the kind I have ever seen, and I have no doubt, if it was driven by two horses, and well attended, it would thresh out several hundred bushels in a day. Signed, LEONIDAS POLK.

Lexington, Ky. Sept. 7, 1836. North Elkhorn Spet. 9th, 1836.

I have seen in operation, on the farm of my neighbor Col. Hamilton Atchison, the Threrhing Machine of Mr Saml. S. Allen, and feel free to declare, that I consider it a valuable improvement and much preferable to other Machines I have sean, not only in regard to the speed and facility in getting out grain, the simplicity of its construct tion and keeping in order, but especially its superfor manner in detaching the grain from the straw and the straight and fine condition in which the straw is left for the cutting box, or rather agricultural purposes. Signed,

THOS. A. RUSSELL.

To those Gen lemen of Kentucky who drive Stock to the South.

HAVE now in complete repair a NEW ROAD, from captain Garrett Hall's in Morgan county, on Piles old Turnpike, crossing Cumberland Mountain in a direct line for Athens; shortening the distance from 15 to 20 miles, either from the Kingston or Grassy Cove routes, and much the best way. The distance from Captain much the best way. The distance from Captain Hall's to Major Alley's 12 miles--from Alley's own's, on the main Cumberland stage road, 8
--from Brown's to Tennessee river, White Rock Landing, 5 miles--from Tennessee river to look with much confidence, and hope they wil Major Sharp's, on the Athens road, 8 miles.

I am provided with the best of watered grass Lots for Horse or Mule Drovers and Hog Lots, also, Grain, Hay and Fodder: and am well prepared to accommodate Drovers and Travellers. I have established a new ferry on Tennesse river, where I own both banks, and am well provided with boats and canoes, and Lots on the river, and Corn on good terms. Drovers having tired or lame hogs, or who may have any drowned at my ferry, are informed that I will take them, if large and fat, at five dollars a hundred, or furnish salt and vessels to salt up, as the owner may choose.

A reference to Mitchell's map will convince any gentleman of the advantage in distance in this new route; and I solicit my old acquaintances of the Kentucky Drovers, who knew me at So. W. Point, to try my new road and ferry. No gentle-man after trying will be dissatisfied, for nothing in my line shall be wanting to accommodate those

JOHN BROWN. BELVIEW, Roane Co. Tenn. Aug. 24, 1836.

SCHOOL FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS. Connected with the Georgetown College, (Ken.)

HE Professor having matured his 1.
extended his course, it is considered proper to lay before the public such information as may satisfy the inquirers directed to him from differen

spire to make this the most lucrative profession in

SEMI-WEEKLY,

For one year in advance, \$4 or a note at the time of subscribing, for \$5 payable at the end of the year.

WEEKLY,

WEEKLY,

82 50

Lt is safe to predict that, in less than time of the wages of well instructed Assistant Engineers will be \$3000 per annum—as in many parts of the country they are now \$2000. Principal Engineers in different parts of the United States now gineers in different parts of the United States now are from \$4000 to \$10,000 per annum. receive from \$4000 to \$10,000 per annum.
Several young men have completed the course of studies in this institution, and immediately obtained employment at \$1000, \$1200 and \$1500 Young men who have studied a regular course of Mathematics may complete th

> to \$120. Others will require at least twelve COURSE OF STUDIES AND INSTRUC-

ourse in six months, at an expense of from \$100

tical. The Text Books in Engineering are Sgauzin. Long and Mahan (Prof. of Engineering at West Point,) Wood on Rail Roads (American edition) "Inland Navigation" from Brewster's En-cyclopedia, and various other standard works in the different departments of Civil Engineering, which will be used for works of reference.

The Practical part of the course will be attended to in the months of April and October. During these months the Professor will be engaged with the Class, in a regular tour, with the Theodolite, Compass, Level, &c. &c. making preliminary definitive, and final surveys for Rail Roads, Canals and Turnpikes-inspecting the public works of the state, the Rail Roads and Canals the Curves, Culverts, Bridges, Embankments, Excavations, Inclined Planes, Locks, Dams, &c. to conclude with a report of the Survey.

The Students of this school have the privilege Which their friends and the public are respectfully invited to call and examine; and which they are determined to sell as low as they can be bought in the West.

The Standard Repartment of the Georgetown College, which is perhaps the most fully organized institution in the West. The Faculty consists of a President and Professor of Moral Philosophy; a Professor of Ancient Languages; a Professor of Modern Languages (a Foreiguer): a Professor of Metaphysics, Belles Lettres and Political Economy; a Professor of Mathematics; a Professor of Drawing; a Professor of Civil Enineering, and an Assistant. They have likewise the free use of the Library, Philosophical and

Chemical Apparatus.

EXPENSES. — Tuition for the first session (six months) will be \$50 in advance, which will include the regular College fee of \$20, the fee for the Practical tours, Drawing, Drawing Instruevery session after the first will be \$30 in advance,

cluding the above items. Board, from \$40 to \$50 a session, exclusive of Fuel, Lights and Washing.

The following extracts of letters from two of the most scientifie men in our country, will serve to show the utility of this School.

FRANKFORT, July 19th, 1836. doubt that with two horses, and well attended, it have performed the duties assigned them in a very doubt that with two horses, and well attended, it would get out several hundred bushels of grain in the course of a day. Signec, H. CLAY.

Achland Aug. 31st, 1836. erally succeeded better than the graduates of our

common Colleges. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, SYLVESTER WELCH. Engineer in Chief for the State of Ky.
To the Professor of Civil Engineering,

Georgetown College, Ky. Louisville, July 29, 1836. Sir-It affords me pleasure to testify to the very correct and satisfactory monner in which the two young gentlemen from your school have conductad themselves during the time they have been in

I am pleased to hear that Topographical and Arithmetical Drawing are to form a part of your future course. This is an elegant accomplishment to an Engineer, and in the early part of his areer will frequently bring him into notice and hasten his promotion to more responsonsible stations, where his talents may be fully developed.

Appreciating as I do your efforts to elevate the profession, I trust they will be crowned with suc-cess, and I assure you it will afford me very great leasure to render any aid in my power to second

Your most obedient, THOS. F. PURCELL, Engineer in Chief Lex. & Ohio R. R, To the Professor of Civil Engineering, 49-41 Georgetown Colloge

NOTICE.

Room recently occupied by James G. McKinney, Esq., where our friends and customers

To the former customers of Mr. McKinney we favor us with a continuance of their custom to the house, by which we hope a mutual benefit wil be derived. Having added part of our stock to that purchased of Mr. McKinney, which makes our assortment large and very complete, we are disposed to sell good bargains to those who may favour us with their calls.

On hand a first rate Stock of CLOTHS, SATINETTS, MERINOES & OTHER SEASONABLE GOODS.

B W. & H. B. TODD Lexington, 27th September, 1836 .- 60-2m.

FOR SALE. HOUSE and Lot situated on Main Street nearly opposite the residence of Robert Todd Esq. on the lot is a never failing Well of excellent water, if not sold will be for Rent next month: for particulars apply to Peter Tilton cormonth: for particular month: for particular street.

ner of Mill and Short Street.

WILLIAM WALKER.

Lexington, June 17 .- 32-tf Lexington Sept. 12th, 1836 .- 54 1m

HANKFUL for past favors, would respect-fully inform his triends and customers, that he has taken the well known stand formerly occupied by E. W. CRAIG, as a Dry Goods stand, to the General Post Office as dead letters. and recently by Messrs. ELLEY & CHINN, where he has just received, and is now opening, Atha Presly

A LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORNMENT OF parts of the country.

The demand for Civil Engineers throughout the Union, and the impetus which the Surplus Revenue' will give to Internal Improvement concare by himself from the best stocks in the Austin Robert. care by himself from the best stocks in the cities of New York and Philadelphia. They Austin Robert Arnett Ellison consist in part of the following articles:

J. T. FRAZER,

Rich figured SATINS, and SILK of the lat- Atchison miss Mary est siyle;
Armstrong & McKeane Armstrong William
French, English and German MERINOES;
Allen G W
Aldredge Clark 4 Damask and Plain French and English Bombazines;

do do CHELLAS;
Calicoes, Ginghams, and MUSLINS;
Plaid. Striped & Damask do
Figured and Plain Swiss do do Jackonet do do do Bishop Lawns Furniture Prints and Muslins; HOSIERY of every description; GLOVES Fine Otter, Seal and Hair CAPS; Ladies' BOOTS and SHOES; Gentlemen's do Flannels, Jeans, Linseys; BROGANS, from small boys to No. 14; Furniture, Plaid and Striped;

UMBRELI.AS of every description. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, & VEST-INGS, Of all Cotours, Styles, and Qualities;

All of which will be sold low for CASH. J. T, FRAZER. P. S. Merchants from the neighboring towns are respectfully invited to call and ex-amine his stock, as he feels assured that he can sell on a little better terms than they have heretofore bought on.

J. T. F.

N. B.-J. T. F. has also a large quantity
of superior CHAMPAIGNE WINE, and the best l'EAS, which he offers to customers at low rates,

Lexington, Oct. 10, 1836 .-- 64-tf

NOTICE. AVING heretofore given a power of Attorney to Mr J. Edrington to sign my name, and that I would be bound thereby. This is to give notice, that I will no longer be bound by any contracts made by him in my name, revoke said power. PETER LA Oct. 16, 1836.—64-tf PETER LAWELL.

HULL & RICE,

ESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have taken the stand lately occupied by Mr C. J. Smith, on Main-street, a few doors below Brennan's Hotel, where they will keep a constant supply of

Grocerics

of the very first quality; which they will dispose on as accommodating terms as any in the city. Lexington, Oct. 20, 1830-64-tf

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD! TOLEN from the Stable of the Subscriber. six and a half miles from Lexington at South Elkhorn, on the Versailles road, on the night of the 17th of September, A BAY HORSE, 16 chine was put in operation at this place, and that it performed remarkable well, superior to any other Machine of the kind that I have ever tried. From the experiment 1 witnessed with it, I have no the experiment 1 witnessed with it, I have no the experiment 1 witnessed and well attended, it have no losses and well attended. well; both hind feet white, light main and tail. The above Reward will be given for the thief and horse if taken out of the State, or twenty for the horse alone, or Ten Dollars for the horse if taken in the State and delivered to me, or secured so that I get the horse again, and all reasonable charges paid.

JOHN MORGAN.

Fayette co. Oct. 20, 1836.

64—wtf

Transylvania University, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

HE LECTURES Introductory to the several courses will be delivered during the second week of November, at 12 o'clock of each day, in the following order, viz:

Dr. Dudley on Monday, November the 7th, in the prompt and skilful discharge of their several duties is alike creditable to them and the character of the Institution in which they were instructed.

The books comprised in your course of studies are appropriate and well selected.

* *

Anatomical Amphitheatre.

Dr. Caldwell, Tuesday, 8th, in the Medical Hall.

Dr. Richardson, Thursday, 10th, in the Hall.

Dr. Yaudell, Friday, 11th, in the Chemical Laboratory.

Dr. Short, Saturday, 12th, in the Medical Hall. Professional gentlemen and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the Faculty . C. W. SHORT, Dean.

New Goods.

THE subrcribers are receiving GOODS for FALL & WINTER SALES. and they are disposed to give unusually good They respectfully invite their customers and the public to call and examine, as Ganes B B they will sell low for cash, or exchange for Jeans, Linsey or Socks.

SAML. ROBINSON & CO. Lexington, Oct. 19, 1836.-64-3m

Choice Wines, Liquors, &c.

HE Subscriber has the pleasure of informing his friends, customers, and the public gen his friends, customers, and the public generally, that he has now on hand an assortment of CHOICE WINES & OTHER LIQUORS of every description. These were purchased in the Eastern cities, from whence the subscriber has just returned, and selected with the greatest care. His assortment consists, in part, of

Champaigne, Port, WINES. Madeira, and Teneriffe And the very hest quality of COGNAC AND CHAMPAIGNE

BRANDY. The subscriber also has on hand some excellent PORTER by the dozen, and a quantity of superior CHEESE, all of which, with other articles in his line, he will dispose of on reasonable terms, at his stand on Mill street, next above Crutch-JOHN McKENZIE.

A LIST OF LETTERS EMAINING in the Post Office at Lexington, Ky. on the 1st October, 1836, which

Anderson miss Minery C Adams William

Armstroog Andrew H

Armstrong John

Allison Mathew E

Adams Henry D Adams H C Dr Adams A

Barbee J J Barnes George M Barbee mrs P H Baillie Dr James Baillie mrs Katharine Baillie mrs Sarah Baker Olmstead Bradford C M Blackburn Dr C J Bellus Henry Bocon L or Jas More Barnes Moses Baker J Baker mrs Blades Edmond Benning mrs Lucy Blanding col A Benning Anthony D 2
Breckinridge William
Beaty Muhlenburg H

Bullock Micajah Burton Smith 5 Blue Martha Bell Henry Buch John Beckaer Martha Ann 2 Buckhanan mrs Nancy Burke R M Berry James Benedict mr Blackburn mrs Ella Buckner miss Mary Bellows Wm H Byrus Robert Berry mrs E V Bush Joseph Buzzard Nancy Beach James M Cable Frederick or Mar-Christian M T

Compon John Case George Camphell Chas A rev 2 Cooke Stephens
Carriel William Coulter mrs Sall Cooke Samuel Caldwell Saml Camden J B & M Carey Joseph Casey John 2 Coghill James Catrer Landrom Chiles H T Coons W W Christian J E Clarke 1, Coleman E B Claburns Ned Clark mrs Louisa Crow Zebedee Craven Hudson H Crook Walter Crowe Mathew Crawford James Crowell col John Curlip Hiram Cragg Charles Cravens James D

Cluckston John Daley Dennis Ann Daniel James

Davidson mrs Mary Damall Elias Darneal Jacob Dunlap George Eardman & Lawson Ewing Ephraim 2 Ely Benjamin 2 Elder David L Eader William Ellis William sr Edmonston lieut J Emmons miss Sarah Ennis miss Sarah

Farrar Daniel Farrer V B Ferguson John B Ferguson John M Fitch Mary Jane Finley miss Mariah J isher mrs Elizabeth Field Silas

Galliber Martin Garlick R Garnett mr Gardner miss Jane Garratt Henry Gaunt mrs Mary George William W Gentry W H

Harris Wet 2

Hanson Samuel

Harrison mrs Ann

Harwood miss America Hurst John

Hadly Lous L& HD Hughes Thomas

Hubert William

Henderson John M Hays miss Sarah Ann Hammond John Harrison John Heath Samuel Henderson Samuel Herndon Thomas 2 Hawkins mrs Elizabeth Henderson Headley Marshall Haggin James Haller miss Hews Thomas Hill Benjamin Hayden John J Harrison mrs Margaretta Hicks Brutus Highee James P Hamiiton Thomas Howell Butler 2 Houghton John Hagen Samuel 2 Harrison mrs Caroline Howell miss Rebecca Hoble J H Harrison John Huntt W G Hall Dixon jr Humphreys Elizabeth Hurlbut Hezekiah Harris Edward 2 Hawkins miss Mary J Harlow Georgo Hursey William

Hurt Caroline James William

Jackson Joseph Jackson Dempsey P 2 Jones mrs Frances
Jenkins miss Mary Jones Jane Jewell Sarah M Johnson Seth Johnson Moses 4 Johnson James R

Kesler Henry Alison Ragan & M'Bur Kellogg John Kennedy Geo 'N rev Kern John Kenney Silas Kenney John

Mason William

Mathews John

Mauldin John W Massie Waller

May Alired

Mathis F W

Martin Dr W

Martin Philip Mathews W

Mackey R W Marks M

Martin Peggy

Mallery Moston Mathis Lavina

Martin K A Martin Jesse G

Martin Jessey G & M

Mashine Johnathan

Brent Richard Lans Thomas Landon Alans Bisland James Lander miss Mary A Lancart Joseph Byrns James Bosworth Benajah 2 Brent Philip Little William Bryan Elizabeth mrs Letcher Wm Leary Timothy O Lee Sally Brown James M Bryan Enoch Lemon Zerelda J Brookes John & Co Lewen Charles W Boldin George 2 Lewis John B Maupin Callam B Mathews Mary Masner Joseph

Bourassa Joseph N Booze Peter Bowdree Benjamin T Bosworth mrs Eliza Briers Katharine Booth Sarah Brown Samuel M Buford Francis K Buckhanan Mathew ickhanan Dr Joseph 2

Conley miss Margaret Coulter mrs Sally Merrell Sarah C 2 Melcker Philip 2 Connelly mrs Ann 2 Conway Peter Milligan E W Cotey Alexander Connell miss Ellen McAuley Franklin McAfee William M Connor Francis McCourt mr Cottingham John Combs W R McConnal James McClellan John Mc Cracking Malvin Compton miss Mary M McClelland Wm McCullough Saml D
McCutchen Wm 2
McClennon James Cooper John H Cotton miss Ann Cockrell Mark R McClelland Nancy McClure R S Crawl Jefferson McDowell John L McDowell James col McFarland John B 4 McWaters James A 4 McGuffin T E

Cunningham R M
Cunningham C M
Curd William S Nettleton Henry Nelson George Newberry W H Devers Samuel Drake S N Dougherty Paris Ord Joseph B 3 Ord George Dorsey George Dobbs Elijah Oneal Osbon R Dooling William Downey William Patrick Dr J C 3 Dougherty miss Sidney

Curle Clayton

Dongha Zephenia Palmer Thomas Dunlap rev L W Payne John A Payne George Paxton William M Payne Edward jr Payne Sandford H Peers B O & others Perry George Peters N L Pearson Edmund B Penny miss Virgidia

Parker Margaret

Ellis Jesse Peters John T Pearson John S Francisco George A Franklin Henry Fowler J W Prather John Forrest mrs Mary L Quin Michael Ford Scillar Ford miss M J Ford Zechariah

Ranson Hagar Ford Thomas Rainey James Ray James
Ratliff miss Elizabeth
Rice Michael
Race Thomas Randall Moses
Reynolds Loring 2 Gibson Claudius Gibson Ira 2 Reynold Isaac Glover James Reed Sarah Richison miss Mary Ritter James Griffin Thomas C Green Henry Richardson miss Marga-Ro Green J Spring Gregg William 3 ret A Richardson Wm 2 Green Alexander N Rider William H 2
Richardson F D 3 Grimes William Graves William W Graves Benjamin 2

Sanderson William Scott G Sanders Nathaniel H Scott J Sawyer rev mr Saery Francis Sears Miles D 2 Seely Walter 2 Sheoah Christian Sheriff mr Shackleford Mary T 2 Sharer mr Shearkin P Sharp E T Shackleford John H Sheldon George Sleet Robert Spears Henry Stewart James Stevenson Dr J H Stephens George Ann Stafford William Hurst James 2 Hurst William

Steele John

Humphreys David I& J Johnson James Jouett Mariah Jones B M Jones Berich
Johnson E C

Johnson Cirena Kitts Edward Kinnard Dr Joseph M Kinkead Susan P Knox Andrew 3

Long William 2 Lockwood John Lowman Thomas L Logan John H Logan Sarah Logan Willian Lockhart Henry Louisel Eraiste Luckey James

Mitchum John 4 Minor Thomas Miller A K 2 Miller Thomas D Miller John J Miller John (Circus) Milligan James Michel Nancy Miller mr Miller Hopewell Mitchell James 2 Moore James Morrison & Stockwell Montgomery David Montgomery Wm 2 Moore Ann Montgomery J R
Moore Elizabeth 2 Moore G E Wellz John S Morrison Richard Moore W A R 2 Maddox James C Moore Mary E
Metcalfe Susannah C 2 Moore Benj C
Metcalfe Susannah C 3
Muldrow John G 3 Muldrow Mary M Murphy J jr Murray George N

Murphy Margaret Murphy Thomas G Mc McIlroy Thomas
MdIntosh Serene Jane Mcllvaine Chas J McIntyre Benjamine 3 McKendrick John 2 McLean A F 2 Mc Meekin Samuel McNeil Malcom McNitt William 2 McRoy Thomas McRobins in mr 2 McMains John

Nixon Elizabeth Nave Henry Nash Malinda Ann Norton Courtney M Norton Louisa T 2 Norton Mary E

> Overton Eliza D Overton John W Overton Mary G Owings Samuel

Phillips David Phillips M W Dr Pingo Canford Pillikrim James Pigg Lewis Patterson Mahala Jane Price Catharine E Primm Charles Prior Green 2 Procktor Benj D Porter Elizabeth Poindexter William Purdree Anna

Q

Richardson Adelaide mrs es to call attention to his asrortment of Richardson Allen Richardson Margt E 2 Rogers Thompson Rogers Henry Rollins James Robertson Jane M Rogers Robert C Rogers Thomas J Robertson James F Robertson Sarah Rodes John Ruff John

Saunders Saml Hyde 4 Scott John C Scott Andrem Stivers W Stone Oliver H P Stone William Stout Charlotte A Stone Robert R Sumpson miss Elizabeth Simpson miss Margaret
Jane Sughrae Dennis Suiter Collins

Sznetowski Adolf Smith mr Smith miss Sarah Smith miss Arry Smith John Smith Jackson 2 Smith James Smith Charles B H 2 Stewart John Stewart WA
Stewart John H
Stewart John H
Stuart John A
Stewart John A
Smith James
Smith James
Smith James
Smith James
Smith Grantfold

Shipp Dudley Sharp Paton Springer William Spires Greenberry jr

Sourbray Jacob

Thompson William 3
Thomas Jacob Taylor William Talbott Leonidas Todd miss Maria Louisa Todd miss Jane Taylor Alexander Talbott Abert G Todd William 2 Tankersley Fountain Taylor John R Tapp Nelson Townes Bartlett 3 Townsend James
Tunley David Tate Dr James H Tibbs Benjamin Tyler James M 2 Treadway John

Thompsen Samuel Uttinger & Brown Valdes Jose Luis Vallandingham Canada Vick H W Underwood Joshua Uttinger Jacob Vick H W Vaughn miss Penina C L Voorhees Jacob Valentine Martha Voris John

White John

Willis Robert

Wickersham L

White Ferdinand E

White Polly Williamson Malinda

Williams Demina 2 Wilson Mary Ann

Wilson & Quarrier

Wilson col E J

Williamson Letty
Wilson Dr jr
Williams William

Williams John L

Williams Festus E

Winn Ann Maria Williams Charles B

Worthington E
Woodford Samuel A
Woods Harriet B

Wilson Sally Williams Barnett

Wyle J A

Williams William M

Wanley Thompson Walker James W Watson William Ward rev S G Watt Frances Ann Watt Frances D Walker John Wallace Richard Warson Thomas Watts W D 2 Wason R H Dr Wallis Richard 2 Watts Thomas Waterson Patrick Wardel Elizabeth Wallace George Welsh Sylvester Western George Wekely Charles Webster C A Wemes Dr F Wheeler George N Whaley P C

White John hon 3 Young C W Yeatman Richard Yeatman W T Youce Sarah

Persons applying for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised.

JOSEPH FICKLIN, P.M. Lexington, Oct. 1st, 1830.-61-3w

PUBLIC SALE OF LAND AND

NEGROES. NEGROES.

N Thursday, the 20th day of October next, the undersigned, Executor of Nathaniel Ferguson, deceased, will expose at public sale all the REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE of said decededent, consisting of 300 Acress of South Elkhorn Land, lying near the old Frankfort road, 7 miles from Lexington, about one half of which is under cultivation, the remainder in good timber and well set in Blue Grass. Upon the premises are a good Brick Dwelling House—first rate Barn and all other necessary outhouses, in good tenair.

ALSO—8 Likely Slaves—and the crops of Corn, Hemp, Wheat, &c. in the Stock—also, a good stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs—Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Uten-

ils, &c, &c, &c. Terms of the Sale will be, for the Land, one third of the purchase money in hand, the balance in one and two years without interest, to be secured by a mortgage on the same. For the personal estate, all sums over \$20, ni

good security :-- Under that sum, Cash. Possession of the Farm will be given on the 1st of November, reserving the privilege of removing he crop.

Should the day prove unfair the sale will take

place on the first fair day. R. HIGGINS, Executor. September 29, 1836--58--tds

SAM. OLDHAM,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, tomers, and the public generally, for past favors, and hopes by his moderate charges, and strict attention to business, to merit and receive a continuance of their favors. His Fancy Store is still at the old well known His Fancy Store is still at the low Mr. John stand, on Main street, just below Mr. John Brennan's Hotel, and nearly opposite the Lexington Library, where he will be happy to see and wait on his visiters, in his usual style see and wait on his visiters, in his usual style and the standard of the standa He feels satisfied that he is prepared to execute his business with neatness and despatch, as he has four HANDS that he can depend up on as Shavers and Hair Cutters He also wish-

FANCY ARTICLES, Consisting in part, as tollows: Redding and Fine Combs, Hair and Tooth Brushes; Oils of every description; Bear's Oil and Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil, for the restoration of the hair, all kinds of Drops, of the best quality, for the use of the Ladies; the best quality of Gentlemen's Shaving Soap; Ladies' Pincushions; Ivory and Common Snuff Boxes; a fine and large assortment of Gentlemen's Stocks, Shirt Collars and Bosoms; the finest kind of Buckskin Gloves; Common do.; the best quality of Cologne and Florida Water; Ra-zors and Razor Straps; Suspenders of all kinds Chess Men and Dominos; Curling Tongs; Clothes and Hat Brushes; the best quality of Travelling Rezor Cases, with Ra-zors in them, Top Pieces, Wigs, Curls and Braids, all of different colors, to suit porchasers; Wax and Alabaster Dolls; Cravats; and a large assortment of TOYS, &c. &c.

His BATH HOUSE is in good repair for Winter Bathing. Lex. Oct. 17, 1836-63-3m

NOTICE.

with the Commissioners appointed by the Woodford county court and the Surveyor of said county on Tuesday, the 1st day of November next, to procession his tract of land, on the waters of Clear Creek, entered, surveyed and pattented in the name of Craig & Johnson. Persons who feel interested can attend if they think proper.

JNO. PARKER.

October 5, 1836. ONE OR TWO APPRENTICES, learn the Art of Printing, will be taken boys between the ages of 14 and 16 would Lexington, March 5--9-M be preferred.



NATIONAL NOMINATION!! FOR NEXT PRESIDENT,

Martin Van Buren, OF NEW YORK. FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Richard M. Johnson OF KENTUCKY.

KENTUCKY ELECTORAL TICKET

SENATORIAL ELECTORS, THOMPSON WARD, Greenup county. WM. T. WILLIS, Greene

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTORS.

1st dis. Chittenden Lyon, of Caldwell, F. C. Sharp, of Christian Jas. T. Donaldson, of Warren 4th " Rodes Garth, of Wayne 5th " Joseph Haskin, of Mercer

Gen. Elias Barbee, of Green Jesse Abell, of Marion 8th " Patrick H. Pope, of Jefferson 9th " Alexander Lackey, of Floyd

10th " Ben Taylor, of Fayette 11th " Thomas Marshall, of Lewis 12th " Nicholas D Coleman, of Mason 13th " Lewis Sanders, Sr. of Gallatin

From the Globe. INJUSTICE TO MR. VAN BUREN.

The annals of party warfare do not furnish an instance of a more reckless the organization of the Territorial Govand persevering, and, we may add, virulent effort, to create false impressions and excite unjust prejudice, than that article from the Lynchburg Virginian. which is making by the opposition press of the south against Mr. Van Buren up- to our mind a fourth instance of Mr. Van on the slave subject. Nothing could be better calculated to bring lasting reproach upon the political and party ethso much has heretofore been claimed in known than his support of the Missouri that respect. We challenge the production of a single case in which truth, jus- suffrage. tice, and the ordinary charities of man's nature, have been so grossly violated. Upon no one point has there been the slightest deviation from this course. A mere acquiescence on the part of Mr. ing clause of the 11th section; Van Buren in a vote of instructions upirrefragable evidence of a willingness on own State, rather than join in the cru- thereupon, be entitled to, and receive his from any part of the United States and man, who shall be an inhabitant of such sade against the South, which was gotten or her freedom. up on that subject, has, for the last two or three years, been made the theme of the committee, in striking out the clause, shall take the following oath before some 88. And be it enacted, That nothing incessant and virulent vituperation by Mr. Mills made some remarks to show Justice of the Peace of this Common-contained in this act shall tend to prevent men and presses, who have themselves, the expediency of retaining it in the bill. wealth: during the whole of that period, been in Mr. King of Alabama replied, and Mr.

the white and black population were pla- clause at considerable length, and with an intention of selling them, nor have such oath, before a justice of the peace, ced upon an equal footing in regard to much earnestness. the right of suffrage. The propriety of "The question on agreeing with the a longer continuance of that equality | Committee of the Whole in striking out came under discussion in the convention the clause, was decided in the affirmaof 1821, and assumed. as appears by its tive, by yeas and nays, as follows: journals, the character of a party question. The fact that the votes of the col- Brown of Lonisiana, D'Wolf, Eaton, Elored population were, with very few ex- liot, Gaillard, Holmes of Massachusetts, or devise; nor to any citizens of this of such person or persons; and they shall ceptions, invariably given to the federal Johnson of Kentucky, Johnson of Louis- Commonwealth, being now the actual also produce to the said judge or justice, side, was notorious, and their known lana, King of Alabama, Loyd, Macon, owners of slaves within any of the Uni- a certificate under the hand and seal of propensity to side with wealth and fash- Noble. Pleasants, Smith, Southard, ted States, and removing such hither; a magistrate in the state in which such ion, offered the best security that it Stokes, Van Dyke, Walker, Ware, Wilwould long continue to be the case .- liams of Missouri, and Williams of Ten- transient stay, and bringing slaves for the slave or slaves, intended to be brought or from higher motives, it is now unnecessary to inquire, but the fact appears Brown of Ohio, Chandler, Dickerson, to one, passed Dec. 17, 1792" that the members of that party, almost Findlay, Holmes of Maine, King of N. without exception, advocated a continu- Yerk, Knight, Lanman, Lowrie, Mills, ny cases proving like penalties, with free- intent to reside therein, to dispose of or ance of the existing equality between Morris, Otis, Parrot, Ruggles, Seymour, dom on the part of the slaves introduced hire any slave or slaves, so brought in by these two classes of votes. The repub- Thomas and VAN BUREN-20. lican members of the convention, on the "We beg particular attention to the other hand, holding the blacks to be, character of the restrictions attempted from their degraded condition, unfit for to be imposed, in the organization of the ject superfluous. The Lynchburg Virthe proper exercise of the right of suf- Territorial Government of Florida. Alfrage, were as generally in favor of their though it did not prohibit slavery, yet atexclusion from it, but differed among tempted to prescribe the conditions upon themselves as to the precise terms upon which it might exist; an attempt which have their party ethics bear the name it number of negroes exceeding ten, withwhich it should be accomplished. By should not have been made by Congress, is so rapidly acquiring. the proposition reported by the Select but which should have been left solely to Committee, their exclusion was made the action of the Legislative Council of without qualification, and they were Florida, which stands in the same relanevertheless subject to taxation. A por- tion to the people of that Territory, in tion of the Republican members, and the regulation of its municipal affairs, posed the report, and contended:

of voting ought to be accompanied by an to substantiate Mr. Van Buren's hostiliexemption from taxation; and 2dly, that ty to one of the vital interests of the said negro or mulatto slave into the State however slight the prospect of their ever southern States. We do not deny that, as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and which they stood it was at least but the subject, he is conwhich they stood, it was at least expedi- scientiously honest; but the question is, any court of record in this State, by ac- Act passed in 1800. ent to give them an opportunity of doing so, by holding out as an inducement to so, by holding out as an inducement to industry and sobristy, the privileges of South." citizenship, on their becoming freeholders of the value of \$250-a privilege matises as "a link in the chain of eviwhich they contended would be safely granted in a community where there Buren's hostility to one of the vital interwere but few blacks, and where slavery ests of the southern States;" with what been, or hereafter shall be, devised, or negro slave or slaves, of any age or sex, did not exist. This subject was recom- justice, let the following facts decide.

resistance of the entire opposition. The committee, gave only a silent vote to retain therein, such negro or mulatto one thousand dollars, for every mulatto, be lawful for any person or persons to vision was finally adopted, and its effect instance.

labors of love, having for their object his or her freedom. either to turn a friend into an enemy, or for sheer party purposes, the editor of States?" the Lynchburg Virginian has brought anof which he has been guilty. The charge applied to themselves he makes against Mr. Var Buren is, that clause, about the introduction of slaves lows: by other than citizens, from the bill for

ernment of Florida. "The Lynchbvrg Virginian has bro't females of them. we invite attention.

ics of a portion of the Union, for which rida case, they being less generally to one year, shall be free.

"SENATE, Wednesday, March 6. "The Committee of the Whole, yesterday, on motion of Mr. King of Alabama, struck out of the bill the follow-

on the Missouri question, passed unani- indirectly, be introduced into the said shall be to the use of the Commonwealth, being a slave, or bound to service for a territory, except by a citizen of the Uni- and the other moiety to him or them that term of years, or free, who shall be sent gislature, of which he was a member, ted States, remeving into said territory, will sue for the same; to be recovered or brought into this State, or shall enter although followed by a refusal to sign for actual settlement, and being at the by action of debt or information in any or come into the same, contrary to this the memorial of his fellow-citizens to time of such removal, bona fide owner of court of record. Congress on the same subject, and the such slave or slaves, and every slave imported or brought into said territory, con act contained shall be construed to ex- in the district where he or she shall be so his part to compromit himself with his trary to the provision of this act, shall, tend to those who may incline to remove apprehended, by any citizen or free white

"NAYS-Messrs. Barton, Boardman,

Mr Van Buren among the number, op- that the State Legislatures do to the people of the States. It is a link in the the said negro or mulatto slave is hereby 1. That their exclusion from the right | chain of evivence, therefore, which goes | declared free to all intents and purposes,

> This is the vote which this editor stig- or persons who will sue for the same .- from and after the passing of this act, if dence which goos to substantiate Mr Van

mitted, and a proposition to that effect 1. The bill with this clause in it, was any citizen or citizens of this State, by to any of the inhabitants of this state, all reported; which, after full consideration reported from the Judiciary Committee, any person or persons residing out of this and every person or persons so offending, and discussion, received the united sup- of which Mr. Van Buren was a member, State, such deviser, heir, or representa shall forfeit and pay for the first offence

has been an almost entire exclusion of 2. The clause itself was taken from black votes: so much so, that it is confi- the act organizing the Orleans Territory dently believed that there are not one in 1804, which was reported by a com- be lawful, from and after the passing of make it, nor that it was accomplished in slave or slaves imported into the United if a slave before, shall thereupon immewith these facts before them, and not- be introduced into the Territory, under person or persons so importing or bringwithstanding it is a question of a purely heavy penalties, further provides, that ing such slave within this State, and shall local character, the opposition presses "no slave or slaves shall directly or indi- be free. of the south, with scarcely one exceptrectly be introduced into the said Territor. 2. Provided nevertheless, and be it ention, and in open and undisguised defi- tory, except by a citizen of the United acted that it shall and may be lawful for again asserted that Van Buren was in fa- actual settlement, and being at the time States, who shall come into this State

But this is not all. What will the reaother topic before the South, which has der think of the fairness of this editor,

sons shall henceforth be slaves within ance therewith, and the person introdu-The Southern Times thus displays the so on the 17th day of October, in the failure, forfeit and pay the sum of one

Buren's regard for the South, to which brought into this Commonwealth, and kept therein one whole year together, or "We copy the proceedings of the Flo- so long at different times as shall amount lawful, at any time after the passing of

"On the question of concurring with sixty days after such removal he or she provided.

were passed. We insert them below; person or persons have resided therein they render further comment on this sub- for the full term of two yerrs.

DELAWARE.

SEC. And be it enacted, That if any person or persons shall, after the passing of this act, bring any negro or mulatto slave into this State for sale, or otherwise, Act af Feb. 3, 1787.

1787.

MARYLAND.

Be it enacted, &c., That it shall not hundred, perhaps not fifty, black votes mittee, 4 out of 5 of whom were slave- this act, to import or bring into this State, struction contrary to the true intendment zens of this State shall be permitted to given in the State, out of more than holders, and no less personages than by land or water, any negro, mulatto or of this act, Be it enacted, That wherever bring into this State any slave or slaves 250,000 suffrages which may be polled. Breckenridge of Kentucky, Wright of other slave, for sale, or to reside within it shall appear to the satisfaction of a which he or they may have acquired by No one who was favorable to the exclu- Maryland, Jackson and Baldwin of Geor this State; and any person brought into court and jury, that any person or persion, now doubts that it was wise to gia. This act, after providing that no this State as a slave contrary to this act, sons have actually brought such slave or for his own particular use, in the same the best possible manner. And yet States after the 1st of May, 1798, should diately cease to be the property of the tention of making sale of the same, and

contrary to the provisions of this act, or slaves, the property of such citizen at cite unjust prejudice against a political with voting for this act, with "hostility to one of them, three whole years next preopponent upon a most delicate subject, one of the vital interests of the southern ceding such removal, and the same to retain as slaves. - Act of Dec. 31, 1796.

NORTH CAROLINA. 1. And be it further enacted, That been going the rounds there of the op- when he is told that the provisions of this every person who shall introduce into position press. We had laid the matter obnoxious clause lay at the foundation of this State any slave or slaves after the by for notice some time since; but were the legislation of the slave holding states, passing hereof, from any of the United prevented by the occupation of our col- for the government of the States which have passed laws for the be made to appear that such practice is or slaves shall be immediately seized, umns with the proceedings of Congress. selves in this respect? Surely, surely, liberation of slaves, shall, on complaint We will do so now; and if there be a it could not argue great hostility to the thereof before any justice of the peace, sense of shame left in the breast of this South, to vote for applying a rule to a be compelled by such justice to enter ineditor, he will, we hope, be disposed to southern territory which the southern to bond with sufficient surety in the sum make some atonement for the injustice States have, with the greatest unanimity, of fifty pounds current money for each slave, for the removing of such slave or 1st. By an act passed by the Legisla-slaves to the State from whence such in 1822, being his first session in Con-ture of the State of Virginia on the 17th slave or slaves were brought, within three gress, he voted against striking out a December, 1792, it was enacted as tol- months thereafter; the penalty whereof shall be recovered, one half for the use "1. Be it enacted, &c. That no per of the prosecutor, on failure of a complithis Commonwealth, except such as were cing such slaves shall also, in case of such year 1785, and the descendants of the hundred pounds, to be recovered by any person sueing for the same, and applied "2. Slaves which shall hereafter be to his own use .- Act passed in 1786.

SOUTH CAROLINA .. 81. Be it enacted, That it shall not be this act, for any person or persons to "3. Every person hereafter importing bring into this State, either by land or Restrictions, and his vote for free Negro slaves into this Commonwealth, contrary water, (except as is herein after exceptto this act, shall forfeit and pay the sum ed,) any negro, mulatto, mestizo, or other of two hundred dollars for every slave so slave, or servant of color, for sale within imported; and every person selling or this State, or to be kept therein; nor shall buying any such slaves, shall, in like it be lawful for any free negro, mulatto, manner, forfeit and pay the sum of one or mestizo, any time after the passing of hundred dollars for every slave so sold or this act, to enter into this State: And "No slave or slaves shall, directly or bought; one moiety of which forfeitures every such person of color as aforesoid, act, shall and may be apprehended, and "4. Provided, That nothing in this taken before a justice of the peace, withbecome citizens of this State, if within district, to be dealt with as is hereinafter

any person or persons, residing in any of close political alliance and cordial fra Mills further advocated a disagreement to the State of Virginia was with no in. State, with his, her or their slaves: Proabeltors of the Missouri restriction and tent of evading the laws for preventing vided such person or persons, so migra-Van Buren joined briefly in the discusthe further importation of slaves, nor ting as aforesaid, shall, before such miin like manner, forfeit and pay the sum quire by marriage any slaves, being the By the old constitution of New-York, sion, and Mr. Lloyd spoke against the have I brought with me any slaves with gration, on oath, produce a certificate of any slaves with an intention of selling or judge, and swear or affirm, that he, she shall be recoverable on an indictment to their wives in consequence of their them, nor have any of the slaves which or they, have come into this State with or information in any court of record, marriage. I have brought with me been imported an intent to reside therein; and that the and shall belong to the Commonwealth, from Africa, or any of the West India Is- said slaves, brought into this State as and be payable into the treasury there-"Yeas—Messrs. Barbour, Benton, 1771; so help me God." Nor to any perperty of such person or persons, for the son claiming slaves by descent, marriage term of two years before the migrating nor to travellers and others making a person or persons reside, certifying that necessary attendance and carrying them into this state, have been his, her or their out again .- Act reducing several acts in- property for the term aforesaid; and it may or shall not be lawful for any person 2d. Acts similar in their policy, in ma- or persons coming into this state, with an into the States against their provisions, him, her or them, as aforesaid, until such

> 89. Provided, also, That in no case, ginian, and its ceadjutors in this disrepu- or upon any pretence whatever, shall it table warfare, must desist from its furth- be lawful for any person, being the head out the express permission of the legislature; and that no other persons, ex cept the head of a family, so intending to reside in this state, shall be allowed the in the above clause of this act.

91. And be it enacted, That if any state, by land or by water, or shall have in his, her, or their possession, any slave

GEORGIA.

2. And be it further enacted by the of the State, and the other to the person authority aforesaid, That three months any person or persons shall bring into port of the republican members, and was by Judge William Smith, of South Caro-tive, or his or her executors or administ the sum of five hundred dollars, and for adopted against the united and vigorous lina, whe, although chairman of the trators, may bring into this State, and the second and every subsequent offence,

attempt to inflame the public mind on strike out when a question was made up-slave or slaves, so devised or devolving mestizo, or negro slave so brought into import or bring into this State, any slave that head, when the question of ratifica- on the subject, taking no part in the de- as aforesaid; any thing in the said recited this state, sold or otherwise disposed of, or slaves for the purpose of selling or tion came before the people from which bate. It could not have been looked np- act, to which this is a supplement to the to be recovered in the supreme court of disposing of them, or any of them, as so much, in the state of public feeling, on as a very objectionable one, or he contrary notwithstanding.—Supplement the county where the offence shall hapwas expected, was defeated. The pro- would not have inserted it, in the first to act above referred to, passed Feb. 2, pen, by bill, plaint, or indictment, one State, provided that this act shall not be half to the use of any imformer, who shall so construed as to prevent any person or prosecute the offender to conviction, the persons from removing him, her or themother half to the use of the state.

> herein contained shall restrain the sale the slaves] except such who are removing to this October 21, 1812. state, or such who have negroes left by will or otherwise, in any of the United States; that before any such slaves be brought to this state, the person intending to bring such slaves shall first make oath before the court of the county (or justice of the peace) from which he is a bout to remove or bring such slaves, that the slaves he is about to hring to Georgia are his own family negroes, or such as have been actually left him by will or otherwise, particularly specifying the name, number and sex of such negroes, that a certificate, together with the seal of the said county annexed, shall be by such persom produced to a justice of the peace, upon coming into this state; that such justice is hereby required to give such person a certificate of the same, which shall entitle him to pass to the county in which he resides or is moving to; and within twenty days after his arriving in such county, shall go to the clerk of the Superior Court, and there make oath that the negroes he has brought with him are the same comprehended in the certificate aforesaid, which certificate and oath shall be filed of record in such office.—Act passed January 13, 1798., KENTUCKY.

SFC. 1. From and after the passage of this act no slave or slaves shall be imported into this Commonwelath.

contrary to this act, shall forfeit and pay State, and who may acquire as such any the sum of one hundred dollars for every slaves, either by purchase or division; of two hundred dollars for every such property of their wives at the time of slave so sold or bought; which sums their marriage, or such as may be given

On the trial of any such indictment, State if it be proved on behalf of the Commonwealth, that the defendant or defendants have brought to this State any slave and sold the same, it shall be sufficient to subject such defendant or defendants to the penalties inflicted by this act, unless brought such slave or slaves for the pur-

SEC 3. [This section provides that reside. persons removing into the State, and bringing slaves with them, shall make gistry of the certificate. The 6th secthe following oath:] I, A. B. do swear, tion prescribes the penalty for selling or (or affirm,) that my removal to the State of Kentucky was with an intention to become a citizen thereof, and that I have brought with me no slave or slaves, and will bring no slave or slaves in this State with intent of selling them-Act passed Feb. 8, 1815.

Note .- An act containing similar provisions was passed in 1833.

TENNESSEE.

selves, together with all their slaves; 3. And to prevent any evasion, or con- Anp provided, That any citizen or eitrslaves into this state, with a view or in- manner as heretofore.

The second section provides that he or they be duly convicted thereof, such slaves shall not be brought to the State person or persons shall be subject to the merely for the purpose of safety, but nosame penalties, as in cases where the thing in the said section is to prevent importation and sale, or other disposition persons from removing to the State with ance of truth and honor, have again and States removing to the said Territory for any citizens of the United bringing them into this state with such inshall have been made; and the act of their slaves, provided they make the folvor of placing the blacks on the same of such removal bona fide owner of such with a bona fide intention of settling other disposition of them, shall be sever-swear, or affim, that I have removed mytention, and the act of making sale or their arrival: "I, A. B. do solemnly footing with the whites in the settlement slave or slaves; and every slave import or bring into this State, ally considered and taken as a consum self and slaves to the State of Tennesof the right of suffrage for the State of ed or brought into the said Territory, or within one year thereafter, any slave mation of the offence herein prohibited, see, with the full and sole view of be-To give the crowning grace to these shall thereupon be entitled to and receive the time of his or her said removal, which either act shall be committed; Provided not brought my slave or slaves of to this slave or slaves, or the mother or mothers always, nevertheless, That nothing in this State with any view to the security of What would these distinguished south. of which slave or slaves, shall have been act shall be construed to prevent any the same against any rebellion or apprethe execrable meanness of trying to ex. erners have thought of being charged resident of the United States, or some person removing into this state from either of the United States, and becoming deliver to the Justice of the Peace bea citizen thereof, from bringing with him fore whom the oath is made, a statement any number of slaves. And nothing of the number, age, and description of

or other disposition of slaves by the citi- 3. Be it enacted, That in case any perzens of this state in their own right, and son or persons shall, contrary to the proin the ordinary methods of transferring visions of this act, import or bring into intended as a fraud upon this act, and upon application to any Justice of the contrary to the true intent and meaning | Peace who shall thereupon issue his thereof: And provided also, That from warrant for the apprehending of said and after the time aforesoid, no person slave or slaves, when apprehended shall whatever shall bring or cause to be be sold to the highest bidder for cash, brought from any of the United States, for the use of the State .- Act passed

ALABAMA.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c. That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any slave or slaves to be imported, introduced or brought into this State, except by the following described persons, that is to sav: emigrants to this State, who shall be permitted to bring with them such slaves as are bona fide their own property, and for their own use; guardians, who are citizens of this State, and whose wards reside in this State, who shall be permited to bring and introduce into this State such slaves as are bona fide the property of their wards; executors and administrators, whose testator or intestator was at the time of his death a resident citizen of this State, who shall be permitted to bring and introduce into this State such slaves as were the bona fide property of their testator or intestator at the time of his death, and the possession of which they are entitled in their representative capacity; heirs, who are resident citizens of this State, to whom any slaves may have lawfully descended, or may hereafter lawfully descend; legatees, who are resident citizens of this State, to whom any slave may have been, or may hereafter be bona fide given or bequeathed by last will and testament, after the death of the testator; legal dis-SEC. 2. Every person hereafter im- tributees of any estate of any deceased porting slaves into this Commonwealth, person, who are resident citizens of this

[The second section requires an oath, and a statement or account of the slaves, from persons bringing them into the

The fifth section prescribes the penalties and forfetures for bringing slaves into the State without authority.]-Act passed Jan. 16, 1832.

MISSISSIPPI, SEC. 4. It shall not be lawful for any he, she, or they, can prove to the satis- person or persons to import into this faction of the jury, that he, she or they State from any of the United States, or have taken the oath hereafter required, the Territories thereof, as merchandise, and have not violated the same; and that any slave or slaves, either negro or muhe, she, or they have removed from any latto, or of any other description whatother State or Territory of the United ever, about the age of fifteen years, with-States, and have become a permanent out having previously obtained a certifiresident of this State; or that he, she cate, signed by two respectable freeholor they, having been residents of this ders in the county of the State or Terri-State, acquired or derived title to the tory from whence such slave or slaves is, slave or slaves in question, by marriage, or are i rought; which certificate shall descent or devise made to them; and contain a particular description of the that at the time such title accrued, by stature and complexion of such slave or marriage, descent or devise, sail slave slaves, together with the name, age, or slaves were in some other State or and sex of the same; and furthermore Territory of the United States, and that that the slave or slaves therein mensuch slave or slaves were brought here tioned and described, have not been guilinc onsequence thereof; or that, residing ty or convicted of murder, burglary, in this State, he, she or they have brought arson, or other felony, within their benefit or provision extended or afforded such slave with an intent of keeping him, knowledge or belief, in such State or or her, or them, for their own service; Territory; which certificate shall be or that he, she or they were travellers, signed or acknowledge, before the clerk person or persons shall bring into this or were sojourners, making only a trans of the county of the State or Territory ient stay in this Commonwealth, and where the same is given, and certified by said clerk, specifying therein that the pose of necessary attendance, and with persons whose signatures are affied thereintent of carrying such slave or slaves to are respectable freeholders of the county and neighborhood in which they

[The 5th section provides for the repurchasing slaves without complying with the act. - Act passed June 18, 1822,

LOUISIANA.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted &c. That from and after the promulgation of this act, no slaves shall be introduced into the State of Louisiana, except in accordance with the prevision of this act.

SEC. 2. Be it enacted, &c. That all 1. Be it enacted &c. That it shall not shall actually settle and reside therein, persons emigrating into this States, who

shall be permitted to introduce such slaves as are for their own use, and are bona fide their own property, and all citizens of this State who may become the lawful owners and proprietors of any slave or slaves without the limits of this Lexington Whig Editors: slaves. Provided, That the slaves were not purchased in the States of Mississippi, or Alabama, or in the Territory of Arkansas, or in Florida; and if any slaves purchased in the aforesaid States, by any citizen of this, State, should be introduced, the person or persons so introducing them shall be subject to the pains and penalties provided for in the Jacob Hughes, late reprosentative in the third section of this act.

The third section requires an oath, and statement or account of slaves in troduced into the State by inhabitants or emigrants.]-Act passed November

Note -- The above extracts are not designed to show the laws in the several States as they now exist, but as they have existed at former periods

LEXINGTON.

MONDAY.....24,.....1836.

Doctor E. W. Coleman can be generally found at his office. His room is at present at (Keiser's) Lexington Hotel.

NEW JERSEY.

We presume there can be now no doubt with either party, how the vote of New Jersey will be cast. By an error of Legislation, the day appointed for the choice of Electors in this State, was not within the pale of the U.S. Constitution, consequently the choice will devolve on the Legislature. The late elections in New Jersey have terminated in the choice of 8 Councilmen and 32 Representatives, Democrats-and 6 Councilmen and 18 Representatives, Whigs-making a democratic, Van Buren and Johnson majori ty of 16, on joint ballot.

We presume no one, either democrat or whig, can now doubt the sound democratic principles of Pennsylvania. She has gloriously manifested them in her late elections, and will certainly support the Van Buren ticket in November.

The fox once called the grapes "sour." So it will be with some of the spies appointed at the meeting which adopted the secret resolutions for the organization of the Wiggies. If they attack the 'doubtful voters" they will be told "it is no go." If they try to train the thinking part of the community, they will be told, "1"11 think of it." If they talk to a democrat and attempt to explain the matter, they will be laughed at. The only cansolation left will be "sour grapes, sour

For a few days past we have been reminded of the high and responsible sta- James Hamilton, Bank Director and City tion of the conductor of a "Gazette:"-And it has been a matter not of surprise James G. M'Kinney, City Councilman. but of regret to us that much has been | Thomas H. Pindell, Bank Teller, stated for fact, in different papers which not only proves untrue but we are bound to believe the promulgators knew or believed to be untrue. It is but a sorry compliment to the readers and supporters of a paper, to say the least of it.

For our own part we would not give to our readers, a statement known to be uncertain, without saying so. Yet how many tales have been told by the different presses of the opposition concerning the late elections in Pennsylvania and Ohio! and for what? Ask them for what? The answer will be (privately) "for effect"and what is the effect? We answer, not only to lower in the estimation of the public the character of the Press-but. to rivet the attention of the public to the transactions of such "leaders" as have assumed the right to command the people not to vote against their orders.

The first effect-viz: as to the character of the press, we deplore. The second we are pleased with-for when once the attention of the people is drawn to this course, pursued by the opposition "leaders," such attempts to poke things down their throats, will be met with the indignation which they deserve, and we are in the hope that Kentuckians whether called Whigs ar Democrats, have mental faculties sufficient to discover - moral energy sufficient to contemn-and popular strength sufficient to render useless-the efforts of some, to establish a kind of dic-

We understand that in a personal ren-Jones was killed by Mr. C. Harper forces as related to us Mr. H. was justifia-

his election to the Jackson party.

tive in the State Legislature. William Rodes, representative in the Legislature and turnpike director.

State Legislature. Samuel B 'Todd, Clerk of the elections at their support.

the Athens precinct, and Post-master. John Cavins, Deputy Sheriff. John Curd, late Representative in the

State Legislature. Asa Thomson, late Sheriff. John Wirt, City Collector.

Wm. Z. Thomson, Turnpike Director and Treasures. Edw. Oldham, Turnpike Director. Roger Quarles, Turnpike President. John S. Kenney, Deputy Sheriff. Thos. S. Redd, High Sheriff.

A. K. Woolley, State Senator and Turnpike President. Leslie Combs, Bank Director.

Charlton Hunt, late Mayor and Bank Di-

Robert Wickliffe, Representative in the State Legislature James E. Davis, Mayor of the City, legislated in for life, and Justice of the

Peace for Fayette. Richard Pindell, Commonwealth's Attor-

J. F. Pearson, City Attorney.

B. W. Dudley, Professon in Transylva-Tho. P. Hart, President of the City earnings.

Council. Joseph Willward, City Councilman. Tho. Huggins, City Councilman. Wm. Poindexter, City Councilman. H. J. Bodley, Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Clerk of the City, and principal Clerk of the Elections. J. R. Sloan, Deputy Sheriff. Jacob Ashton, member of the City Coun-

Julius Clarke, Whig Editor. D. C. Wickliffe, Whig Editor. Edwin Bryant, Whig Editor. Harvey McGuire, City Councilman. John Keiser, City Councilman. William H. Rainey, Bank Director. A. F. Hawkins, Bank Clerk. N. L. Finnell, Whig Editor and Printer.

Gity Printer, and City Councilman. William C. Bell, City Commissioner. Thomos Megouan, Deputy Sheriff, Keeper of the Court House and Jailer. William M. Brand, Bank Director.

Councilman.

Patterson Bain, Bank Director.

the county included.

COMMITTEE

ed out. An apt facility of changing their ities. name, like a skilful rogue, taking an alias when one title is disgraced. Thus, when Federalist and National Republican had become alarm drums to the people, they left off that appellation and called themselves Whigs; and now, incredible to tell, all the surviving members of the Hartford Convention, Gen. Harrison, and all the supporters of John Adams, are now side 25--leaving 12 to be heard fromstiled Whigs! But it would take a Macheavel to trace the devices of the quondam federal, now whig party. A part of the present scheme of this modern Proof Mr. Clay and Chilton Allan, even to made no response, that we recollect. attempt to dispute the journals of Congress. He voted to sustain every abolition petition presented last winter, with than the Editors of the Observer & Reone exception, and then as the motion to porter, whose minds are not made up on merly of this city, from the circumstan- tinctly that such was his reason. He the Vice Presidency of the U. S." was always found ranged with Slade and his band of agitators. These are the The Fayette Whigs and doubtful vo. facts, and how unlucky it is there should ters, can interpret the frequent visits be such a discrepancy between them and which those office-holders, and their col-

Committee of Vigilance appointed under believe and adopt every thing emenating Gen. Comb's second resolution. We in- from such authority. If we might be so sert it to confer further favors on the bold, we would merely suggest that perhaps the people here don't always go by State, may, in like manner, and for sim- Col. R. Innis, Chairman. This gentle- authority. Indeed it is strange that it man was a candidate for the Legisla- appears to be forgotten that John Quincy ture, but declined lest he should owe Adams was rejected despite of this same authority. But may be it is thought they John R. Dunlap, late whig representative are more subdued now and will not be 47. Col. Johnson vating in the affirmaso unruly again. We hope not-we hope that Kentuckians have yet the spirit to examine and judge for themselves, and to scorn alike a man who has betrayed them once, and the uncouth instruments of his ambition he now dares to offer for

But Col. Johnson has ventured to leave home and visit several places since his return from Washington and this forsooth is an unheard-of thing in a candidate. If he chose to defend himself by illustrious precident, surely he could offer such as the all sorts would acknowledge. Who was it that, upon leaving Washington, made a grand tour through the States, pronouncing philipics at every village against Gen. Jackson? Who was it that said he would rather war, pestilence and famine, or any other scourge, should visit his country than that Gen. Jackson should be elected? This was done by a candidale; yes, and he did worse whilst he was a candidate. He availed himself of his place in the Senate of the United States to defame a competitor, who had no means of repelling his calumnies there or elsewhere. But the committee seem to have forgotten where Gen. Harrison and Mr. Granger are at present. By the last accounts, Gen. H. was in Pennsylvania, and Mr. Granger was on a visit to Ohio. But of course this is all right and proper, as their object is to defeat Mr. Van Burenanother man worse than war, pestilence and famine to their ringed, streaked, and speckled party --- for he neither favors nullification, or bank rule, or that happy invention of rag mocey, by which speculators can swindle the poor man of his

The off-repeated stories which the committee of the all sorts have again repeated against this gentleman are scarce worthy of notice. But Dr. Dudley has prescribed them at this time, no doubt, to operate again before the election. But he people won't swallow them.

Every body knows that Mr Van Buren did vote on the subject of the Missouri resolution, as every democrat would have voted -- in obedience to the will of his constituents, proclaiming at the same time, that he disagreed with them That he is not an abolitionist, the proclamation of Tappan, & Co. fully shows; and if confirmation were wanting, 'tis found in the violent opposition of Granger and the slave junto. His letter to the Georgia representation, the resolutions drawn by himself, and passed at a public meeting at Albany; the conduct of Mr Beardsly and others of his immediate friends, in expelling the Abolition Convention from Utica, must satisfy every mind on that subject.

As to the voting for free negro suf frage, there is no need of arguing that point. The assertion is directly in the face of truth, flatly and wholy contradicted by the journals of the Legislature, as well as by his arguments upon the occasion. More anon.

The last Argus says, "We are informed from undoubted authority that the North fostering hand of the state Legislature Every Sherriff and Deputy Sheriff in ern Bank of Kentucky in Lexington, is to this magnificent undertaking. again discounting and loaning money in MR. GRANGER AND THE WHIG the usual way." This is a mistake-we applied to one of the officers of the Bank It is the characteristic of the "all sorts", for information on the subject, and were party, who now usurp the name of Whigs informed that the Bank was only disever since the origin of parties in this counting Bills of Exchange, to enable country, to strive by flattering the local the exporters of stock and other articles. hemselves of their dissentions to ride in- doubt, but upon this subject we are not o power. Another very artful piece of informed, that a few weeks more will enfinesse is that which Mr. Jefferson point able the Bank to extend their usual facil-

> We have been favored by a friend with the perusal of a letter from a gentleman of this vicinity, now at Chilucothe, Ohio, in which we have every confidence-Vance's majority is upwards of 10,000 -- 16 counties not heard from. For Rep. resentatives, there had been returned on the Harrison side 35-on the Van Buren a majority of Whig Congressmen elected.

MR GRANGER-ABOLITION Upon referring to the files of the Gatens is to enlist the anti-masons, the abo zette, we had supposed that our predelitionists, by putting Granger on their cessor had settled with the Observer, the ticket. But we think "they have waked question of Mr Granger being an aboup the wrong passenger this time." It litionist. In the Gazette of June 6, is is in vain, by the indisputable authority the following, to which the Observer

> MR GRANGER-ABOLITION. "Others there are, less prejudiced

a subject of a choice between a high this preposterous idea which has latecountre in Louisville, on friday last Mr. lay on the table was offered by the pre- minded, talented and chivalrous Kensentor, he concurred; and he said dis- tuckian, and a "northern abolitionist for Ky. Gazette, May 23.

"We call upon the Gazette to sustain this charge against Mr G. with the proof. Obs. and Rep. May 25.

Congress .- House of Representatives. leagues, amounting in the whole, to 182, may make to them previous to the elecderous faith in the virtue of certifica tes, the abolition petitions, &c.

House, Congress ought not to interfere follow no such examples, nor weakly in any may with slavery in the District believe that one generation is not as tion of the public faith, unwise, impolitic itself and ordering its own affairs. and dangerous to the Union."

"On Motion of Mr Underwood, the question was first taken on the first branch of the sentence, ending with the words "District of Columbia," cided in the affirmative. Yeas 163, nays tive-MR GRANGER in the negative. What are we to infer from this vote of Mr Granger's. Why, that Congress, in his opinion, ought to interfere with slavery in the District of Columbia.

But again. "The question recurring on the second branch of the sentence, being the words in italics, was decided in the affirmative. Yeas 127, navs 67." Col. Johnson again voting in the affirmative. Mr GRANGER in the negetive!!! By this vote Mr Granger made known his belief, that Congress not only ought to interfere with slavery in the Dictrict of Columbia, but that such interference wauld be violating no public faith, that tho act would not be "unwise, impolitic or dangerous to the Union."

against Mr Granger with the proof?"-Or will the Observer enlighten its readers by laying this proof before them? Or will even the whigs of Ky. abandon our own gallant and patriotic Johnson to sustain the min, whose votes on Mr Pinckney's resolution prove him to be an abolitionisi"?

Yet we find the Observer of Saturday, again denying the abolitionism of Mr Constitution of Virginia was formed. Granger, and sustaining uself by the the same tables inform us, that within testimony of Mr Clay and Mr Allan, that period two thirds of the adults given in their response, to the call of Professor Dudley and the others of the Secret Committee; which evidence appears to be the opinion of those gentle- fore made by them, the other two men, mostly founded on private conver- thirds who with them compose the sation of Mr Granger. Those gentlemen speak only of his private conversations and public speeches. Neither of them furnished the Journals of Congress, to show the votes of Mr Granger on this engrossing topic." Be it our duty to supply the defect, and we should like to its corporeal inhabitants during see the Editors of the Intelligencer and their generation. They alone have a the Observer, so far to "disabuse" their right to direct what concerns themreaders, as to publish the proceedings of the House of Representatives of the U States, of the 8th of February lastand to save them the trouble of searching depute representatives to a convention and for those proceedings, or of applying to to make the constitution what they think their witnesses (both of whom, doubtless will be best for themselves. * * have the journal.) We now refer them to the Richmond Enquirer, of the 13th February, 1836.

It is by no means certain, that Mr C. Allan may not have to resort to Mr Granger or some other, to prove that he is not an abolitionist himself.

Louisville, Cincinnati and Charleston Rail Road.

LIBERAL SURSCRIPTION. - The City Corporation of Lexington, has subscrieach, in the capital stock of the above gling to procure a revision of that have been of but small amount.

The City Council also recomends the

For the Kentucky Gazette. MARYLAND-MR. JEFFERSON'S OPINIONS.

In the course of my reading, I have met with the following opinions of Mr. Jefferson, which, as being appropriate to the situation of a sister State, and prejudices of the people and availing ta send the same to market. We have no as setting forth the the true democratic principles, you may deem worthy of insertion in your columns:

"Some men look at Constitutions with sanctimonious reverence, and deem them like the ark of the covenant, too sacred to be touched. They ascribe to the men of the preceding age, a wisdom more than human, and suppose what they did to be beyond amendment. * * I am certainmeans of correcting their ill effects. But I know also, that laws and instituprogress of the human mind. As that becomes more developed, more enopinions change with the change of the votes are just counted off. circumstances, institutions must advance also, and keep pace with the Congress. N. Ward. S. Ward. times. We might as well require a man to wear still the coat which fitted him when a boy, as civilized society to Alricks, remain forever under the regiment of Sallade, their barbarous ancestors. It is of Gilbert, ly deludged Europe in blood. Their monarchs, instead of wisely yielding to the gradual change of circumstances, of favoring progressive improvement have clung to old abuses, entrenched themselves behind steady habits, and obliged their subjects to seek through blood and violence, rash and in Upper Swatara 94!!! and ruinous innovations, which had they been referred to the peaceful de- democratic ticket has succeeded in New liberations and collected wisdom of the Cumberland, the strongest antimasonic nation, would have been put into ac- district in Cumberland county.

Let us as our sister States have done, avail ourselves of our reason and experience to correct the crude essays of our first and inexperienced, although wise, virtuous and well-meaning councils. And, lastiy, let us provide in our constitution for its reversion at stated periods. What these periods should be, nature herself indicates. By the European tables of mortality, of the adults living at any one moment of time, a majority will be dead in almost 19 years. At the end of that period, then a new majority is come into place, or in other words, a new generation. Each generation is as independent of the one preceding as that was of all which had gone before. It has then, like them, a right to choose for itself the form of government it believes most promotive of its own happiness: consequently to accommodate to the circumstances, in which it Has the Gazette "sustained the charge | finds itself, & had received from its predecessors, and it is for the peace and good of mankind that a solemn opportunity of doing this every eighteen or twenty years should be provided by the constitution, so that it may be handed on with periodical repairs from generation to generation, to the end of time, if any thing human can so long endure. It is now 40 years since the then living are now dead. Have then the remaining third, even if they had present mass of adults? If they have not, who has? The dead? But the dead have no rights. They are nothing; and nothing cannot own something. Where there is no substance, there can be no accident. This corporeal selves alone, and to declare the law of that direction; and this declaration can only be made by the majority. That majority then, has a right to

and so on forever! The constitution of the minority Government of Maryland has now been in existence upwards of seventy years, so that every man almost, who participated in framing it must be dead. A majority of the people of ped for one thousand shares, of \$100 that State, have for years been strug-Company. Individual subscriptions constitution, and an acknowledgement of their rights and when at last the have resolved upon a peaceful resumption of them, by assembling in convention they are met with every opprobrious epithet by the upholders of this despotic domination of the few over the many. No man can favor such abuses and be at heart.

this avenue be shut to the cause of suffer-

ance, it will make itself heard through

that of force, and we shall go on as oth-

er nations are doing, in the endless circle

of oppression, rebellion, reformation; and

oppression, rebellion, reformation again;

A FRIEND OF POPULAR RIGHTS.

Prom the Harrisburg (Pa.) Keystone.
UNPRECEDENTED VICTORIES! DEMOCRACY TRIUMPHANT!! Since the glorious achievements of 1828, the democracy have never obtained as signal victories as the present. Our triumph here is complete, and we have not the least doubt of its being equally satisfactory to the friends of equal rights, in all other parts of the state. We never believed a moment that the arts of the bank would finally prevail over the people, or that federal sway could be made acceptable to freemen, unly not an advocate for frequent and der any possible modification. The reuntried changes in laws and constitu- sult shows that the democracy of Penntions. I think moderate imperfection sylvania are true to themselves, true to had better be borne with; because the public liberties, and invincible foes when once known we accommodate to the rule of the aristocracy. Governor ourselves to them and find practical Ritner and his hosts of office holders about the Capitol were gathered in from their electionecring rambles for the occations must go hand in hand with the sion. No exertion or expence was spared on their part to rally their followers and carry the day. But all would not do. They were unmercifully beaten in lightened as new discoveries are made, their stronghold. The following is the new truths disclosed, and manners and gratifying result in this district, where

+Harris, 115 114 206 214 105 97 116 112 134 161 193 111 + Kendig

Total: Reily 587, †Harris 417, Alricks 668, Sallade 517, †Krause 463, tGilbert 443.

Antimasons marked with a t. Last year, Ritner's majority in the borough was 102, in Susquehanna 107,

N. B. We have just learned that the

York, Oct. 12th. 1836. GENTLEMEN: I can give you but little in Calumbia, becouse it would be a viola- capeble as another of taking care of news. The judges in the borough district have only counted off the sheriff's box; but from the result for sheriff, it is obvious that our whole ticket has carried by about 1000 majority in the county. Last year, owing to the division in our ranks, the majority was 100 against us. The gain will be 1100. From the few townships in the neighborhood that have been heard from, Logan has, in every instance, gained on his competitor over his vote in 1834. His majority then over Barnitz was 599. It cannot now be less than 1000 over Kirk

> DIED-In this City, this morning about nine o'clock, at his residence on Water-street, Mr William Wilgus, an old and respectable citizen.

OCT THE Aniversary meeting of the Orphan Society will be held at the Court House, on Tuesday, the 1st of November, at three o'clock, P. M. Oct 20 64—tln



THE EAGLE AMPHITHEATRE Company, AND

National Gymnasium;

WO of the most extensive corps in Ame rica, have consolidated their splendid establishments, and now offer to the public a more substantial bill of fare than has ever been presented on this side of the Atlantic.

The Arena is newly and completely fitted the wish, the right to hold in obedience to their will, and to the laws heretoout, with a numerous company of EQUES which for beauty and management excel all previous exhibitions ever offered in this city. The performance will be accompanied with superior Band of Music.

Ludies and Geutlemen are invited to view the arena during the day, to satisfy themselves of the superior manner in which this establishment is fitted up, and to prove to them how comfortably persons can be seated.

The Managers pledge themselves, that the strictest attention will be paid to gentility, and neither word nor action introduced that can of-fend the most delicate or susceptible mind; but such amusements only selected, as cannot fail to instruct as wall as divert the intelligent and refined of every community.

This splendid establishment will be opened for

the gratification of the public in Lexington, on Monday and Tuesday the 24th and 25th instant. Doors open at 6 o'clock; Performance to com-

Admittance—Boxes 50 Cents. Pit 25.
October 20, 1836.—64-11

Richard H. Ridgely, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

[LATE OF KENTUCKY,]

AS permanently located himself in Jackson,

Mississippi, and will attend to all business
entrusted to his care; he will also devote part of are desirous to purchase or enter lands in this or the adjoining states, by addressing him at Jackson, may rely upon prompt attention to their business.

October 24, 1836.—65-1y Intelligencer will insert as above and chRHR

Fall & Winter Goods

RAINEY & FERGUSON OULD respectfully inform their customers and the public, that they are n ceiving and opening a splendid stock of British, French, India, and American GOODS, suitable

for the season.

Their stock of CLOTHS, Cassimeres, and Satinetts; Blankess and Flannels; French, German and English Merinors, and Carpeting, are

All of which they will sell at their usual low ates.

Lexington, Oct 22, '36,-65-2m

Fayette County, Ss.

AKEN UP by John T. Grooms, living in Lexington, A YELLOW BAY MARE 5 years old, about 14 hands high, small blaze in her face, near hind foot white to the pasture-joint, with a small knot on the same; some saddlespots; shod before; she had on a cmall saddleblanket and martingal: the whole appraised to \$40, by R. Petty and John Trimble, before me, this 21st Oct. '36.

DAN BRADFORD, j p
A copy. Attest,

J C Rodes, clk
by Waller Rodes, defect

ENGINEER'S OFFICE L. AND O. RAIL ROAD, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 17th 1836.

ROPOSALS are invited for furnishing 250, 000 lineal feet of White Oak scantling 8 by 5 inches in lengths of 16, 20, 24, or 28 feet. for furnishing 30,500 sleepers of 8 feet length each. These sleepers to be either of Lecustor White Oak. Also for 120,000 sawed wedges 15 inches long, 3 inches wide, 3 inches thick at one end, and 2 inches at the other, each: these wedges to be made of either Locust, the head of Yellow

Pine, Blue A h, or seasoned White Oak.

This timber must be delivered at convenient places, on the first 22 miles of the Rail Road next adjoining Louisville, on or before the 4th of July, 1837. Bids will be received until the 1st of December next, for furnishing either of the whole or any part of the above bill of timber. For further particulars apply in person or by letter to the subscriber in this city, or to Thomas Smith, Esq., the President of the Company at Lexing-

THOMAS F. PURCELL, Ergineer, Lexington and Ohio Rail Road Co.

The Observer, Intelligencer and Gazette, Lexington, Commonwealth Frankfort, Rapublican Madison, Gazette Cinesnnati, Times Wheeling, and Statesman Pittsburgh, will publish the above one month as often as possible, and forward their bill to this office for payment.
October, 24-65-8t.

JOHN W. HUNT & SON AVING sold their Stock of Goods, do this day, by mutual consent, dissolve their partnership. All those having claims against them will present them to either of them for payment, and all persons indebted to them are requested to

make payment.
Lexington, Oct. 19, 1836.—64-1m

PORSALE—100 Fat Hogs. Apply at THIS OFFICE. Lexington, Oct. 20, 1836.

J. T. FRAZER & CO. AVING discontinued the Tailoring Business, have placed their notes and accounts with the undersigned for collection.

Those indebted will please come forward and discharge their accounts immediately, otherwise we are instructed to place them in suit.

HUNT & JOHNSON. July 29th, 1836. -42-1



MAGNIFICENT SCHEMES.

URING the month of October, the following very brilliant Lottery Schemes will be drawn. The Remember, all orders by letter receive the same attention as personal application, if addressed to JOHN G. GRAHAM,

Louisville, Ky. New Albany, Ia.

A brilliant Chance. On Wednesday the 19th Oct'r. will be drawn at

Wilmington, the Grand Consolidated Lotttery, Class A,

A REAL MAMMOTH.

CAPITALS. \$60,000!! \$30,000: \$20,000: \$11,340: 2 of \$10,000. 20 of \$5,000: 2 of \$4,000 5 of \$3,000: 5 of \$2,500: 12 of \$2,000 15 of \$1,500: 75 of \$1,000: 100 of \$600 126 of \$300: 126 of \$200, &c. Tickets only \$20-Shares in proportion.

On Monday the 3d Oct. 1836, the MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, Will be drawn at Baltimore. CAPITALS. \$20,000; \$5,000; \$3,000; \$2,000; 25 of \$1,000 20 of \$300; &c &c Tickets only \$5.

On Saturday, Oct 8, 1836, Virginia State Lottery, Class No 11, For the benefit of the Petersburg Benevolent Association, will be drawn at Alexandria, Va. CAPITALS.

30.000 DOLLS 10,000 dolls!--5,000 dolls!--4,000 dolls!

\$3,000-2 of 2500 dolls-10 of 1500 dolls 200 of 500 dolls, &c. &c. Tickets only \$10. Shares in proportion

All orders meet with prompt and confidential at-tention when addressed to JOHN G GRAHAM,

Louisville, Ky. or New Albany, Ia And a paper with the drawn numbers will be forwarded to all customers as soon as the official 59 tdds drawing is received.

LEXINGTON FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE

Insurance Company Chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky in March last.

CAPITAL, 300.000 Dollars!



HIS COMPANY will insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandize, &c. against Loss or Damage by Fire, in Town or Country. Steam, Keel and Flat Boars, and their Cargoes against the Damages of inland or river Navigation; and PROPERTY of every description, against the perils of the sea.

"This Company will also INSURE LIVES, for one or more years, or for life! The owners of Negro Men, Slaves employed in Factories, or on Farms, will find it to their advan-The following are the officers chosen by the

stockholders:

THOMAS SMITH, President. JOHN W. HUNT, JOHN NORTON WM. S. WALLER, JACOB ASHTON, Directors. M. C. JOHNSON, JOEL HIGGINS,

A. O. NEWTON, Sec'ry. THOMAS P. HART, Surveyor. Lex Sept 23, 1836-58-tf

PLOUGH MAKING & BLACK-

SMITHING. THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have purchased the well known establishment, formerly belonging to Mr. Wm. Rockhill, and are now prepared to furnish all articles in their line, on the shortest notice. The PLOUGH MAKING Business will be continued in all its pranches, and a good assortment of the latest imroved Ploughs kept constantly on hand. Old Ploughs repaired with neatness and despatch.

> WM. P. BROWNING, JOHN HEADLEY, UNDER THE FIRM OF BROWNING & HEADLEY.

N. B. We wish to employ a first rate Plough N. B. We wish to employ a first rate Plough Stocker, or Wagon Maker, to whom constant em-ployment will be given. Also-2 or 3 Apprenti-ces in the Smithshop, of respectable parentage, and who can come well recommended. B&H.

JOHN STRATFORD GOINS. WHO has been so long known in Frankfort, as a Barber, takes pleasure in notifying the citizens of Lexington, and the numerous company who visit the city, that he has taken the stand on Main street, letely occupied by G. W. Tucker, nearly opposite Mr Brennau's Hotel, where every attention shall be paid to those who may please to call on him, either to smoothe their chins, throw their locks in the most fashionable style, or to render to them the health and comfort of warm or cold Barhs, for which the premises are so eminently calculated.

He will be always found on his post, and every exertion used to give entire satisfaction to those who may patronize him.

Lexington, Oct 17, 1836.—63-tf

Lex. Sept 20 1836—54-1m-sw*.

TRANSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ME Lectures in this Institution will com-mence, as usual, on the first Monday in November, and terminate on the first Monday of The courses are on

Anatomy and Surgery, by Doctor Dudley; Institutes of Medicine, Clinical Practice, and Medical Jurispindence, by Doctor Caldwell.
Theory and Practice of Medicine, by Doctor

Obstetricks and the diseases of women and chillren by Doctor Richardson.
Materia Medica and Medical Botany, by Doc-Chemistry and Pharmacy, by Doctor YAN-

During the entire term the Professor of Ana oiny and Surgery lectures nine times each week, and the other, Professors daily, sabbath excepted The fee to the entire course, with matriculation

and use of an extensive library, is \$110. The raduation fee is \$20. graduation fee is \$20.

It is thought proper ito state, inasmuch as reports have been current as the high price of board in Lexington and the difficulty of obtaining it, that many students, during the last session, found combrtable board, including lodging, fuel, lights, servants' attendance, and in some instances washing the confidently be-

ing, for \$3,00 per week, and it is confidently be-lieved, notwithstanding the increased price of every article of living, which is felt here in common with all other parts of the country, that stu dents will be as comfortably accommodated, and upon as reasonable terms, as at any other respectable Medical School in the Union.

By order of the Faculty.

By order of the Faculty.

C. W. SHORT, M. D. Dean.

Lex. Ky. July 11 th, 1836.—37-t 1st Nov.

The publishers of the following papers are requested to insert the above to the amount of \$5, and send the papers containing it to the Dean, on the receipt of which the money will be remitted, viz: Journal & Acvertiser Louisville; Eegle, Maysville, Ky; Gazette, Cincinnati; State Journal, Columbus. Ohio; Whig and Banner, Nashville, Ten; Republican, St. Louis, Mo; Southern Advacate Huntsville, Ala, State Intelligencer, Tusvocate Huntsville, Ala. State Intelligencer, Tus-caloosa; Mississippi Journal Natchez; Register, Vicksburgh, Miss; Bulletin, New Orleans, Re-Vicksburgh, Miss; Bulletin, New Orleans, Register, Mobile, Ala.; Pensacola Gazette. Recorder, Milledgeville, Geo; Republican, Savannah; Courier & Mercury, Charleston, S. C; Register, Raleigh, N. C; Observer, Fayetteville N. C; Whig Richmond, Virginia; Republican, Winchester, Virginia; Intelligencer and Globe, Wash-

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful country residence upon the Tate's creek road, about a mile from the limits of Lexington, recently occupied by A. B. Morton. The place contains about 50 Acres, has an excellent Brick House with six to the property of delight. rooms, necessary out-houses; a spring of delightful water, and a Bagging Factory with twelve Looms, to which is attached an excellent Grist Mill.

The title indisputable. Liberal credits will be iven to the purchaser. Apply to

COLEMAN & WARD, Louisville, or to CHARLTON HUNT, Lexington. July 15, 1836-38-tf

JUST RECEIVED. A LARGE, FRESH, and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of

MEDICINES, particularly adapted to family use. Among which

are, 300 LBS. EPSOM SALTS. 150 "GLAUBER do

75 " GUM ALOES, 75 " PULV. RHUBARB, 40 "SUPERIOR CALOMEL, 15 "GUM OPIUM, 12 doz. SWAIM'S CELEBRAT-

ED PANACFA, for the cure of Scrofula,
5 bbls. Cold Expressed CASTOR

OIL, superior,—warranted
5 "ALCOHOL, &c., and many
other articles too tedious to enumerate. Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug & Chem-

SAML. C. TROTTER, Cheapside, near the Noth'n. Bk. Lexington, Ky. July 20, 1836. -39-tf

Tontine House.

HENRY DAY

WOULD most respectfully inform his friends and acquaintances, and the public in general, that he has opened a COFFE HOUSE, under the above name, on Mill street, next door to J. L. McCracken's Grocery, and nearly opposite Mr. Giron's Confectionary or WINES and LIQUORS, and close attentio to business, induces him to believe that he will re-ceive a portion of public patronage.

His stock is composed of the following assortment: Champaigne, (best brands,)

Old Maderia, Golden Sherry, Pale Muscat. Claret, (Medoc & St Julian) Best quality Old Port, Sautarene, (white,) Malaga,

Barcelonia, Lisbon, Old Cognac Brandy,

Holland Gin, LIQUORS. St. Croix Rum, Old Peach Brandy,

Also -An assortment of BEST FRENCH CORDIALS. He has also fitted up his upper large and com modious Room, at a great expense, for the purpose of accommodating Society Moetings and Wine of accommodating Society Lex. July 13, '36-39-1f



JABEZ BEACH.

A T his Coach Repository, has now on hand a COACH equal to any in the State, and four very fine COACHEES, CHARIOTTEES, BAROUCHES and BUGGIES, all of the first quality, manufactured at New-Ark, New-Jersey. which will be sold on the lowest terms.

Any person wishing a Carriage of any description, can by giving an order, have the same for-warded from the manufacturers at New-Ark, free

Lexington, Sept. 15, 1836---55--tf

100 DOLLAKS REWARD. STOLEN since the 1st inst. Four Proughs two of which were manufactured by W. & S. C. George, with their names branded on each beam. The other two were manufactured by Raymond & Hart of Cincinnati, with their names painted on each beam. The hand ho on the handles of the Cincinnati ploughs not pain ted nor slit; the mould board very similar to Rockhill's, and ground smooth on the face. The above reward will be paid for the detec-

tion of the thief and ploughs, JOSEPH BRUEN. NOTICE.

CIRCUMSTANCES having transpired, which renders it expedient for me to consumate an intended partnership with Ingerson & McClelland for the construction of the stone work at the Cliffs, on Kentucky river:- The business in future will be conducted in their names, and they will be responsible for all contracts and business connected with this work from the commencenent to the close of their operations.

Their characters as contractors, and iheir business habits will, no doubt, sufficiently recommend them to the company and the public

JAMES COOK. April 23,--19- f. - Dayton Dam, Herald.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL HAT MANUFACTORY.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs his friends and the dublic that he has taken his brother, HIRAM SHAW, into partnership. The siness in future will be conducted at the old stand, north corner of Main and main-cross streets,

under the name of N. & H. SHAW, Where one or both of them may always be found

to wait on those that give them a call. They have on hand, and will continue to keep, an excellent assortment of all kinds of HATS, and will sell on as accommodating terms as any NAT. SHAW.

Lex. June 6, 1836. - 36-tt. N. B. Those having unsettled accounts, will please call and settle them with either of us. N. S.

VILL practice in the several Courts held at H. C. COONS, Attorney at Law, this place. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to. He will be found at General Combs's Office, corner of Short and Church streets, opposite the Northern Bank. Lexington, Aug 15. '36. 47 if

BACON, BACONS

Bacon, put un approach bundred Hams of Bacon, put up expressly for family use also a few kegs of leaf lard, which will be sold low for ROBERT GRAY. Lex. August 15, 1836.--46.

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, AND

CHARLESTON Rail Road Company.

HE undersigned having been appointed by the Governor of Kentucky, Commissioners for receiving subscriptions for the stock of the above company, will open Books for the subscription of Sixty Thousand Shares of One Hundred Dollars each, at the Hotel of Mr. John Brennan, on the third Monday in October next, and keep the same open, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning, and 4 o'clock in the afternoon for

six successive days.

MADISON C. JOHNSON,

ROBERT WICKLIFFE DA NIEL BRADFORD,

Commissioners. Lexington, Sept. 26, 1836 .- 58-td Observer and Intelligencer insert til the day.

TO THE PATRONS AND FRIENDS OF THE MONITOR. THE publisher of this paper, partaking of the general feeling of the democracy of Kentucky, as regards the prospects of success for their candidates in the ensuing November elections; and believing that the accomplishment of this object depends upon the zeal and exertions of their friends, in spreading before the people sound political Intelligence, and counteracting the baleful efforts of their foes; is induced to suggest to his political friends and patrons, the propriety of extending the circulation of the Maysville Monitor,

as an auxiliary in the consumation of this de-sired end. His exertions to render the Monitor useful in the cause of patriotism and democracy, while they have been asiduous and untiring, have been attenned with no inconsiderable expense. The extension of the subscription list, he flatters himself, may be attended with results favorable to the promotion of the cause of Republican principles, and destructive to faction: at the same time it will enable him to persevere in the improvement

Our friends in the State are sufficiently aware of the sleepless vigilance of their opponents at all times, to know that their success in the late elec- Stirrup Irons, domestic and imported-low for tion will be attended with no relaxation of their efforts, but on the contrary will inspirit and embolden them to greater daring and outrage, than has ever yet marked their hostility to the purity of epublican principlesr Their ecitors, their officeolders, their orators and private members, wil be in the field, and every effort that interest, malice, or ingenuity can suggest, will be placed in speedy requisition. Prudence, justice, nor even the restraints of morality, will be regarded, when His stock of superi-ing collosus of American rights, is before their visns. Their phalanx of newspapers, whose editors long for the spoils of victory, with more anxety than "the hart panteth for the cooling brook." have displayed in the late encounter, a reckless and daring industry, seldom if ever exceeded by any political partisans. What may we not expect from them in the succeeding conflict? Their papers find their way into every nook and corner of the State, and if we expect to cope with them, we should at least be placed upon an equal foot

ing. Let the first object then be to give a wide circulation to the Democratic papers in the State. Let them follow the poison for which they will carry the antidote. Let our friends in every county from committees, and make this a primary object of their creation. To make it an object with the democracy to circulate the Monitor, it will be afforded for the coming Three Months, to companies of TEN,

orto committees requiring this or a greater number at the rate of \$5 per ten copies, if paid in advance. Single copies, or less number than ten, will cost the usual price—62½ cents for three Agents and subscribers to the Monitor, are re-

nested to use their exertions in obtaining adtional names, and will confer a favor by sending them immediately to this office.

Maysville, Sept. 1st, 1836.

BOTANIC PRACTICE OF MEDI-T. N. BENEDICT, Maincross street,
Lexington, Ky. Always at home

DOCT. LEWIS'S STIMULATING LIN-AMENT—remarkable for relieving pain, &c for sale by H. T. N. BENEDICT.

BOTANIC DRUG STORE AND INFIRMANY. HOME FOR THE AFFLICTED.

Maincross street, Lexington.
H. T. N. BENEDICT. WHITE MUSTARD SEED for sale.
H. T. N. B.

TO PRINTERS.

VALUABLE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.

OFFER for sale, on reasonable terr PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT in Danville. The Materials are almost entirely new It is one of the oldest Offices in the State, having sustained itself 17 years, and its patronage is still increasing. To an industrious young man just commencing business, this establishment offers an nducement rarely to be met with. Any person wishing to purchase, will call and exam J. J. POLK.

Dr. J. M. BUSH,

WILL practice Medicine, Sur-GERY, and OBSTETRICS, and respectfully offers his services to the citizens of Lexington and its vicinity. He occupies the same office with Dr. Dudley, (at the old stand) where he may be found during the day: At night at Mrs. Crittenden's Boarding House, Jordan's Row. Lexington, July 22, 1836.—41-3m

WANTED.

A SMART active lad to assist in a Coffee Henry DAY. Lex. Aug. 15 1836-46-tf.

APPRENTICES WANTED TO THE CONFECTIONARY BUSINESS.

VOUTHS from 14 to 15 years of age, of respectable families will be preferrec. Parents who have children they would like to have learn a good and profitable trade-one which is as good, if not better than any other now followed, would do well to apply immediately to M. GIRON,

Sept 53-1f Mill street, Lexington Ky. NORTHERN BANK OF KENTUC-KY.

THE Stockholders of the Northern Bank of Kentucky are hereby notified, that the sixth instalment of Twenty Dollars on each share, is required to be paid on the 15th November next.

By order of the Board of Directors.

M. T. SCOTT Cacher. M. T. SCOTT, Cash'r. Lexington, Aug. 2, 1836-44-td

NOTICE.

A PPLICATION will be made to the North ern Bank of Kentucky, at Lexington, to renew a certificate of one share in said Bank, in the JOSEPH FICKLIN.
June 30th 1836.—34. name of the subscriber which has been lost of

POCKET BOOK LOST. OST, a fair colored Pocket Book with a califive or six silver half dollars and a good many val-uable pepers to me. The finder shall be welcome to the money by sending me the book and papers to the Post or Clerk's office in Nicholasville.

JOHN FISHBACK. Jessamine co Aug 11--45

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the purchasers at my Sale last fall, that their bonds will become due on the 18th day of November next, at which time they must be promptly paid, to ave interests and costs; as all not paid will be indiscriminately put in suit for the WM. BOON. October, 1836.-63-3w

FOR RENT. ALARGE and commodious DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Main street; well calculated for a boarding house. Enquire of JOHN M. HEWETT.

Oct. 1st, 1836.-62--tf. E. & F. FABER, Machinists & Machine Card Manufac.

turers,

LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, May 12, 1836-20-1f

AVING extended their Manufactory, are now prepared to execute all orders, at the shortest notice, for Woollen Machinery, viz:—Double and Single Carding Machines, Wool Double and Single Carding Machines, Wood Pickers, Condensers, with any number of Tubes, Shearing, Brushing, and Napping Machines, Broad and Narrow, Roller Jacks of any number of Spindles, Card Cleaners, Comb Plate, Card Plyers, Spindles, Press Paper, Press Screws, Shear Blades, Revolving and Vibrating, &c.

Manufacturing Machine Cardis of every description they as able to still Wood Carding Machine Carding Mach iption, they are able to sell Wool Carding Ma-

ines at reduced prices. They also have Machinery, and are prepared grind Shear Blades. Pittsburgh, Oct. 5, 1836 .- 62-8tch P. Times

JOHN WILSON, SILVER AND BRASS PLATER, on Main street, nearly opposite Brennan's Hotel, HERE can be had all kinds of Saddlery and Harness Mounting, Bridle Bitts and

ALSO--Hugh Wilson's Purifying Vegetable mended. Oct. 13-w3m*-62 COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, Woodford County Circuit, Sct. September Term, 1836. September Term, 1836. Sielding Davis, Guardian &c., complainants, against Joseph Esten's heirs, defendants.

LN CHANCERY.

IIIS day came the complainant by his counsel and filed his petition herein, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the lesendants, Amanda M. Buckingham, Dis Paihe, Emily Eaton, and David Eaton, are not residents of this commonwealth, and they having failed to appear and answer the complainant's bill accordng to law and the rules of this court-It is therefore ordered that unless the said non resident defendants shall appear here on or before the first day of the next March term of this court, and answer the complainant's bill, the same will be taken for that a copy of this order be published in some authorised newspaper printed in this state for two

Att. RIDGLEY GREATHOUSE, c.w.c.c. Sept. 10--61-2m.

6 1-4 CENTS REWARD. PAN away from D. McIntyre, an indented apprentice to the baking business, named Henry Lampey. He is a tall slim boy, about 16 years of age. It is supposed he left Cincinnati with Palmer's Circus lately in the city. I will prosecute all persons who will harbor or shelter

nim, and give the above reward for his return.
D. McINTYRE. The Gazette, Lexington, and Advertiser, Lousville please insert the above three times and charge to the Advertiser office.

Cin. Sept. 28, 1836.

61-3t

STRAYED OR STOLEN. STRAYED OR STOLEN.

NROM Mr. Clement Smith's in this vicinity, on Saturday morning last, a small BAY MARE, between 4 and 5 years old, about 14 hands high, long tail, full mane, a for sale by R. LONG, Mill-st. BAY MARE, between 4 and 5 years old, a-bout 14 hands high, long tail, full mane, a scar on her back, the right fore foot hoof somewhat damaged, no other marks recolected. A reward of \$10 will be given for the mare and thief (if stolen) if taken is this ty and secured so that I can get them, or \$10 for the mare alone.

LEWIS HOWARD. Lex. Oct. 11, 1836

10 Dollars Reward: STRAYED

ROM the Subscriber, living on the Ver-sailes road, 6 miles from Lexington, on Wednesday last, a Large Iron Gray HORSE, 4 years old, shod before; he has a white saddle spot on his back, and a long tail.

NAT BOSWORTH. Lexington, Oct. 3, 1836. -62-3t.

NEW GOODS FOR 1836.

SAMUEL ROBINSON & CO.

Are now receiving their SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, COMPRISING a very general assortment of nearly every variety of Fancy and Staple Articles, usually kept in Dry Good Houses; among which are a choice lot of Cloths and Cassing meres; Men and Boys' Summer Goods, Hats and Ladies' Bonnets, Boots and Shoes—Also, Hardware, Queensware, and China in Tea and Dinner Setts, Groceries, &c. They respectfully invite their customers and friends to call and examine.

april 2, 1836.—13-tf

MAYES & BLANCHARD.

UDGE MAYES & HORACE P. BLAN-CHARD; having associated themselves in the practice of the LAW, in the Fayette Circuit Court, will attend to all business entrusted to their care with zeal and promptitude.

Court, will attend to all business entrusted to their care with zeal and promptitude.

Greatest care and with the purest Medicines. their care with zeal and promptitude.

Lexington, March 4, 1836--9-tf

FURNITURE WARE ROOM. THE undersigned, recently from Cincinnati, having increased their stock of Furniture, have the pleasure of offering a large assortment,

SIDEBOARDS, various patterns, with Marble Tops;
Dressing Bureaus do do
Tables do do Tables do do Centre 66 do do Pier 66 do do Enclused Bason Stands do Mahogany Dining, Breakfast, Extension, Hall and Sideboard Tables;

SOFAS, Spring Seat;
Mahogany Chairs;
Boston Rocking Chairs, do; Easy do;
Bed Steps; Patent Beadsteads, on an improved
plan, tried and approved; with all other articles in their line.

They are prepared to attend to Funeral

An arrangement has been made for a supply of Eastern made PIANO FORTES. VENEERS for sale.

VI Just received, as a sample, one of Swift's

Iron-fronted Patent Llastic Cushion-hammer PIANOS—Also, a second-hand Piano for sale or THOS. W. POWELL, HORACE E. DIMICK,

Jordan's Row, 5th door from Main st. Lexington, April 36, 1836-17-tf New Grocery Store.

CURTIS J. SMITH OULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken tha stand on Main street, lately occupied by T. Rankin, a few doors below Brennan's Hotel, and immediately opposite Miss Susan Cook's Board-ing House, where he has and intends keeping on

hand a general assortment of FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES, as good and as cheap as can be had in the city .-Families or dealers supplied by the quantity at the

wholesale prices. N. B. A large supply of measures, half bushels, pecks and half pecks, sealed, on hand and for

Stimulating Liniment No. 1, AN IMPROVEMENT OF JEWETT'S STIMULATING LINIMENT, NO. 2,

Manufactured and sold by M. L. Lewis, whole-Manufactured and sold by M. L. Lewis, wholesale and retail.

THIS LINIMENT is celebrated for its
soothing and stimulating qualities, to those
who are in pain. It has a decided advantage
over all other Liniments known, as it is not so
volatile; there is a body to it which keeps the aricles of stimulant from escaping from the system ticles of stimulant from escaping from the system, and when the absorbant vessels take up the substance of the Liniment, it puts the system into action, and then the covering is thrown off, and

wore sorely afflicted with pain.

Dr. J. R. CUNNINGHAM. Dr. WM. CONSTANT, Dr. WM. CONSTANT,
Dr. WM. M. GUFFIN,
Dr. C. N. LUSK.
The above Liniment, & a general assortment of
BOTANIC MEDICINES for sale at THE
BOTANIC DRUG STORE, Main Cross st.

H. T. N. BENEDICT, Agent. H. T. N. Benedict continues to devote his time to the Botanic Practice of Medicine. Just received, Ap. Cayenne; Sum Myrrh, and Pulv. Slip. Elm, of superior quality.

H. T. N. BENEDICT, Agt. Lexington, June 21.—32-3msw WAY CAR.

CAR will leave MIDWAY every more ing at 7 o'clock, and returning, will leave Lexington every afternoon at 5 o'clock. CHAS. LEWIS,

Master of Transportation.

FRESH FLOUR A LOT of superior Family Flour, with a susuit purchasers, kept constantly on hand and for sale by R. LONG, Mill-st. Lex. July 4. 1836.

BARRELS of good goose creek salt No. 1. together with an excellent assortment of the very best Family Groceries for R. LONG, Mill-st. Lex July 4, 1836.

Lex. July 4, 1836-36-3m.

MONEY LOST. county, or \$5 for the mare alone; or \$20 for the mare and thief if taken out of this counning of the 4th inst., between Weisiger's tavern and the head of the inclined plane, a sealed packet containing THREE THOUSAND DOL-LARS, in \$50 notes of the Bank of Kentucky, probably all payable at the mother Bank at Louis-ville. The envelope was sealed, and the notes doubled in the middle, and as well as recollected endorsed on the envelopement as follows: " to pay a note in the Lexington Branch Bank, drawn by Smith & Keats, or George Keats, to the ricer of John Brand, Esq."

The above reward will be paid to any person

who will deliver said package to Col. Peter Dud-ley, in Frankfort, to Messrs. Smith & Keats, in Louisville, or to myself in Lexington. person livered at my residence, or Five Dollars if he ne its be secured so that I can get him.

Banks and others may help to the discovery by taking notice of whom they receive notes of the above description.

NEW DRUG STORE.

UST OPENING, in the new house, east corner of the Public house, east corner of the Public pack of the Courthouse, an entiraly NEW

AND FRESH assortment of MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRU

MENTS, Perfumery, Paints, Dye-stuffs, &c. &c. -AMONG WHICH ARE-Kreosote, Emetine, Strychnine, Sulph. Morphine, Chloride of Lime, Hydrosublimed Calomel, &c.

Families and Physicians of the city and neighpourhood will be supplied with genuine medicines, and Country Merchants who retail Drugs can be furnished on reasonable terms.

Competent assistance having been secured,

ROBERT PETER. Lexiugton, July 15, 1836-38-6m

REMOVAL.

CABINET MAKING. HE subscriber) respec ustomers, and the public ge erally, that he has REMOV his CABINET SHOP a Dwelling House to the sta Sheridan, on Main Str immediately opposite the Masonic Hall, wi all articles in his line of business can be h short notice and good terms. He invites all ing to purchase to call upon him. VANNOY'S PATENT BEDSTE. made to order on short notice.

JOSEPH MILWAF

Lexington, Dec. 12, 1835-2-tf

HALF A MILLION OF SHINGLES. 300,000, Warranted FINE SHINGLES.

200,000 Common do, just received and will 200,000 Common do, just received and with be sold at the Market price, or delivered in Lex ington at the usual or customary carriage.

Persons wanting to purchase, will please apply to JOSEPH D. SWIFT, in Lexington, and

their order will be promptly filled.

JNO. B. McILVAINE. Maysville, May 23, 183 6-24 tf-Lex. Int.

TO PRINTERS. E. WHITE & WM. HAGER ESPICTFULLY inform the Printers of the United States, to whom they have been individually known as established Letter Founders, that they have now formed a copartnership in said business, and from their united skill and ex-

tensive experience, they hope to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their The introduction of machinery in place of the tedious and unhealthy process of casting type by hand, a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity and a heavy expendi ture of time and money on the part of our senior partner, first successfully accomplished. Extensive use of the machine cast letter has fully tested

and established its superiority in every particular over those cast by the old process.

The Letter Foundry Business will hereafter be carried on by the parties before named, under the firm of White, Hager, & Co. Their specimen exhibits a complete series from Diamond to Sixty four lines Pica. The book and news type being

n the most moderate light and style. White, Hager & Co., are agents for the sale of Smith and Rust Printing Press, which they can furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices. Chases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Ink, and every article used in the Printing Business, kept for sale and furnished as a change of the sale and the sale of Smith and Rust Printing Press, which they can furnish the sale of Smith and Rust Printing Press, which they can furnish their customers are sale and the sale of Smith and Rust Printing Press, which they can furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices. sale and furnished on short notice. Old type taken in exchange for new at nine cents per pound. N. B. Newspaper proprietors who will give the above three insertions, will be entitled to Five Dollars in such articles as they selec: from our

E. WHITE & W. HAGER. New York, Oct. 1, 1835-48-

perspiration makes its appearance.

The following certificate will show to the reader, what has been done with the above article, towards relieving those who have used it, who We, the undersigned, having used Dr. Lewis's
Liniment, believe it to be as good as is recomlike goods can be bought in any market west of the light in any market west of the mountains. They are resolved to spare no pains to accommodate and please those who may favor them with a call. To the old pations of the house, they look with much confidence, and solicit a continuance of their custom, from which it is hoped a mutual benefit and satisfaction will be de-

the same time very sincerely return his thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him during his continuance in business. It is his wish as speedily as possible to close his business, and he hopes that all those who have open accounts will call and close them by note or payment without delay.

Lex. June 15, 1835--24-tf N. YORK SPIRIT OF THE TIMES,

TURF REGISTER, UBLISHED weekly at 157 Broadway, N. York, at \$5 per annum. Payable in advance. W. T. PORTER, Editor. J. W. TRUMBULL, Agent for Lexington, Fayete Co. Sept. 15, 1836-55-tf.

FOR SALE. 40 THE well known three story BRICK HOUSE on Main street, occupied formerly by Morrison and Bradley, and at present by Messrs. Isles and Wright as a Dry Good Store. This extensive property, 30 feet front, running back to Water street opposite the Reil Road Warehouse, contains a brick Stable, Carriage house and other buildings; forming altogether a most valuable possession for stores and family residence. dence- For terms apply at my residence on the premises. LUCY D. GATEWOOD. Lexington, May 19, '36--22-tf

A half league of land, in Austin's Colony, Texas, very eligibly situated on Dick's or Dickson's Creek, a navigable stream, emptying into Galvaston Bay, at whose mouth the town of Powhatan is laid out, commanding a fine harbor. The above tract was selected for the proprietor by persons familiar with every league in the Colony—it consists of a mixture of prairie and timbered laud, and is the finest that can be, for the cultivation of Cotton or Sugar, all conditions having been fulfilled, and expenses paid. It is recommended to persons disposed to emigrate to Texas, as saving much trouble, expense and delay. Inquire at this office. Lex Aug 27, 1835-35-tf

J. T. FRAZER & CO. AVING discontinued the Tailoring Business, have placed their notes and accounts with the undersigned for collection. Those indebted will please come forward and discharge their accounts immediately, otherwise we are instructed to place them in suit.

HUNT & JOHNSON.

D. A. SAYRE.

Lexington, Ky. Feb. 10, 1836. mar. 19-11-tf

July 29th, 1836. -42-tf Sep. 3-55-16.